

Progress on an Integrated European Electricity Market

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OUTLINE

- What are we aiming at?
- Main achievements and expectations in terms of market integration process?
- What are the remaining challenges?



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Vision for an efficient IEM

Internal Electricity Market

Efficient Cross-Border Capacity Calculation Efficient Cross-Border Long-Term Capacity Allocation Efficient Cross-Border Day-Ahead Capacity Allocation Efficient
Cross-Border
Intraday
Capacity
Allocation

Efficient
Cross-Border
Balancing
Markets

TSO/ISO/ITO Unbundling

Strengthened powers and independence for NRAs

Higher coordination requirements (ACER & ENTSO-E)

Adequate Network Development (EU TYNDP and TEN-E)

Markets are allowed to function un-hindered



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Meeting the 2014 deadline

Two important parallel processes

Getting the rules in place
Grid Connection
CACM
System Operation
Balancing

Earlier implementation of CACM target models

Capacity Calculation

Long-Term Transmission Rights

Day-Ahead Market Coupling

Continuous Intraday Trading



Getting the rules in place (1/2)

Status – Framework Guidelines

Network security and reliability

Network connection

Third-party access rules

Data exchange and settlement

Interoperability

Operational procedures in emergency

Capacity allocation and congestion management

Rules for trading

Transparency

Balancing

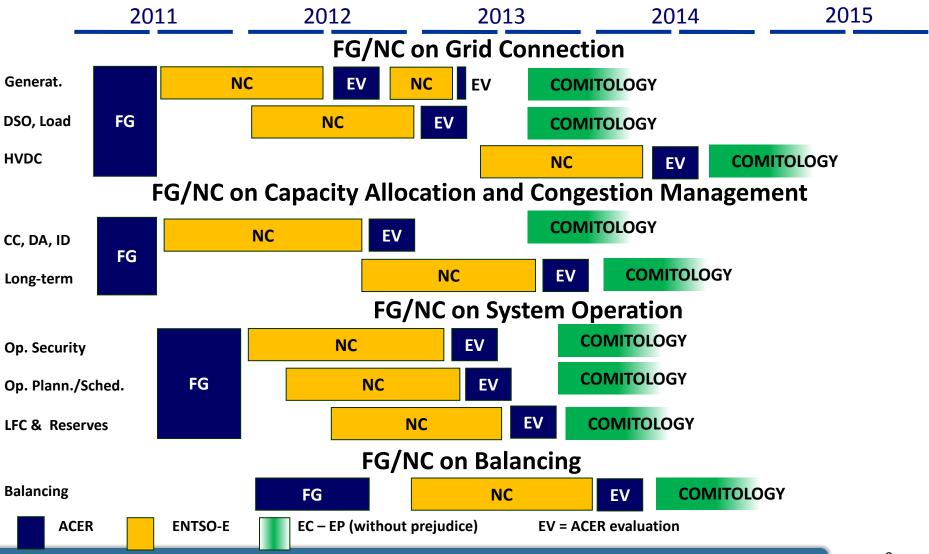
Harmonised transmission tariff structures and ITC

Energy efficiency in electricity networks



Getting the rules in place (2/2)

Status & planning, June 2013





Early Implementation of CACM (1/5)

First pillar - Capacity Calculation: towards an improved calculation

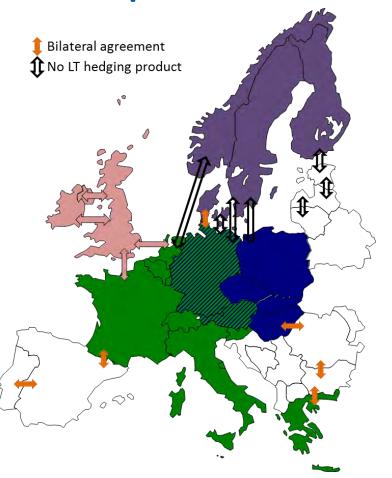


- CWE region has already begun to move to the Flow-Based (FB) method. External parallel run is ongoing. Targeted "golive": Q1 2014
- CEE region has put its project on hold due to difficulty to solve the loop-flows issue
- CSE region has recently decided to stick to the ATC method until Day-Ahead Market Coupling is implemented
- A decision is still pending for Romania and Bulgaria



Early Implementation of CACM (2/5)

Second pillar - Long-Term market: towards a single access point for Transmissions Rights

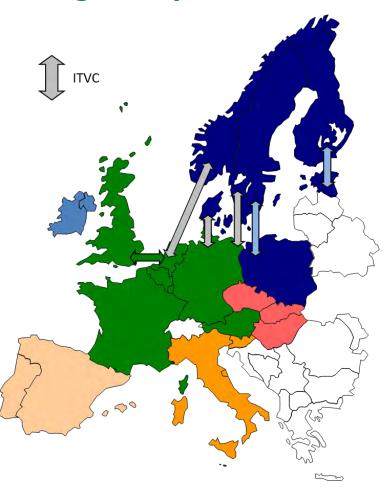


- Extension of CASC.EU to the France-Spain border expected by November 2013
- ACER's "Wish-list" to harmonise existing rules
- Impact of Subsea cables (FUI and Northern regions) and different regulatory regimes (FUI and Northern Regions)
- Impact of ongoing revision of MIFID 2



Early Implementation of CACM (3/5)

Third pillar - Day-Ahead Market Coupling: towards a single Day-Ahead market in Europe

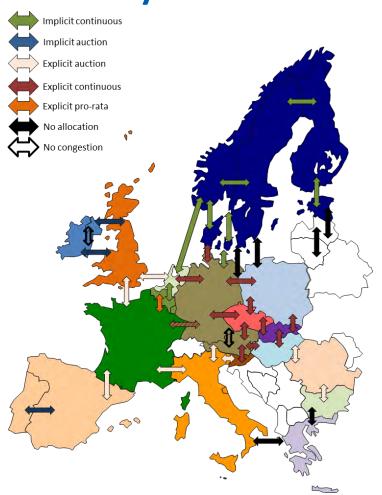


- NWE (CWE+Northern+FUI+Baltic) pilot project delayed, now on track to go live in November 2013
- SWE and CSE regions are fully committed to join NWE
- Ongoing discussions to extend CEE TLC (market coupling between Czech Republic, Hungary and Slovakia) to Romania and Poland



Early Implementation of CACM (4/5)

Fourth pillar – Intraday: towards a single platform for Intraday cross-border trade



- Selection of the IT platform delayed due to disagreement among the involved PXs. Final decision now expected by the end of June 2013 (with the strong involvement of ACER)
- Many sensitive issues still need to be defined (Exact geographical scope of the Pilot Project, Implementation Plan, Cost Sharing and Comfort letter)



Early Implementation of CACM (5/5)

Reasonable expectations for 2014

- Day-Ahead Market Coupling implemented across Europe (Bulgaria?, Greece?, Ireland (2016))
- Flow-Based implemented in CWE and near to completion in CEE
- A single Allocation Platform for Long-Term Transmission Rights at least in Continental Europe
- European platform for Intraday cross-border trade implemented in the Pilot Region (still to be defined but as ambitious as possible), with on-going implementation in other regions



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Secure and Efficient Operation of the Existing Network

Achieving the on-going work:

- Monitor the implementation of NC (Grid connection, System Operation)
- Finalise the CACM target models implementation
- Progress towards an integrated balancing market





Implementing the TEN-E Regulation:

- A solid, efficient and transparent PCI selection process (based on EU TYNDP, CBA methodology and open access to third-party projects promoters)
- Fast-track Permitting procedure
- CBCA arrangements when necessary
- Incentive regulation

Adequate
Development of the
T&D Network



Towards more flexible networks/markets:

- Enhance coordination in real-time operation of the network (as if it was one single TSO)
- Continue and speed-up integration of short-term Markets
- Remove rules that interfere with price formation (price caps, existing support schemes, etc.) and block the development of new flexibility resources (DSR, Storage, Distributed generation)
- Expose each technology to imbalance costs

Flexibility



Getting Consumers on board:

- Targeted communication towards
 Consumers
- Protect Vulnerable consumers
- Promote Energy Efficiency
- Develop Demand-Side response

Consumers Empowerment



A new Roadmap to meet these 4 challenges?

Secure and Efficient
Operation of the
Existing Network

Flexibility

Adequate
Development of the
T&D Network

Consumers Empowerment



Thank you for your attention!



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ERI process – The state of play

Regions defined for the ERI

