El-Erian Institute





The demand side dilemma



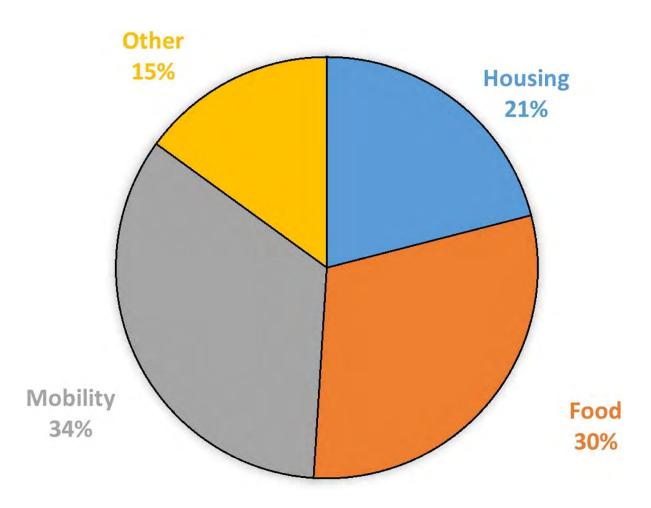
Households: responsible for 72% of global GHG emissions

Source: IPCC AR 6 (2022).

Carbon footprint assessments (CO2 equivalents)

Source: Dubois et al. (2019).







Once we have weaned off fossil fuels, it will be food that has the largest climate and biodiversity impact.



Dasgupta Review

Demand-side policies

- Regulation
 - bans, mandates, product and process standards, guarantees, soft law
- Financial (dis)incentives
 - taxes (carbon taxes, VAT), subsidies (climate bonus); cap & trade schemes
- Public procurement
 - preferred vendor, market development
- Choice architecture & behavioural insights ("nudges")
- Co-production and empowerment
 - innovation agencies, living labs, participation
- Disclosure and information
 - deshrouding (labels), observatories, GHG inventories



- Capacity building
 - education & advice; consumer organization







△ Chapter 5: Demand, services and social aspects of mitigation

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The panel concludes that behavioural interventions can increase the efficacy of pricing strategies, mandates, subsidies and taxes.



Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), AR 6

The essence of "behaviourally informed policy"



bounded rationality behavioural capability



behavioural lens understand & predict multiple theories



empirical & experimental human-centred participative



Demand Side Net Zero Strategies

- 1. BETTER: efficiency, innovation
- 2. LESS: sufficiency, moderation
- 3. TOGETHER: collaborative consumption, sharing, avoiding peaks
- 4. SMARTER: new materials, bioeconomy
- 5. CIRCULAR: circular economy, repair, zero waste
- 6. SELF: prosumerism, own-production

Factor in the behavioural factor!



What makes acting on values so difficult? Behavioural barriers

- Present bias and hyperbolic discounting "future generations" are far away
- Loss aversion people are more negative about anticipated losses than they are positive about anticipated gains; politicians try to push losses into the future
- Missing immediate feedback on consequences long term, shrouded, not salient
- Consumer confusion it is puzzle!
- **Misinformation** and **disinformation** re most climate-friendly choices, climate attribution (?)
- Free riding and NIMBY as regards provision of public goods individual and national level
- No specific villain, diffusion of responsibility countless faceless people colluding
- Subjective cost-benefit estimation is often against it (anything but FEAST)
- ...



My personal living lab





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- 4 14 months of planning plus 22 months of execution
- ⊗ Ca. 2000 eMails over 3 years
- ⊕ 12 visits to the municipal "Climate Office"
- Complicated (and changing) proposals for (municipal, regional, and federal) Energy Efficiency Funds
- Very complicated and overly complex application forms
- Overbooked energy counsellors, climate finance and building permit offices
- Lack of skilled heating engineers
- Shortage of highly efficient heat pumps, solar panels, and insulation material
- NIMBYism and complaining neighbours
- (plus: inflation, material shortages, COVID)

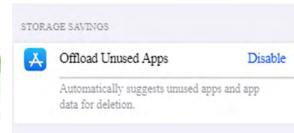
A **nudge** is "any aspect of the **choice architecture** that alters people's behaviour in a predictable way without forbidding any options or significantly changing their economic incentives.

To count as a mere nudge, the intervention must be easy and cheap to avoid." (p. 8)

THE GLOBAL BESTSELLER Tew books can be said to have changed the world, but Nudge did. The Final Edition is marvellous: funny, useful, and wise DASTEL KARSBMAS nuda The Final Edition RICHARD H. THALER & CASS R. SUNSTEIN

- Defaults
- TIPPME (physical micro-environments)
- Priming and framing
- Increase ease of use (FEAST)
- Simplification
- "Sludge" audits (time gains)
- Use of social norms (dynamic)
- Disclosure and warnings (visuals)
- Self-binding tools ("snudges")
- Timely reminders (with "maps")
- Feedback (personalized)
- Non-financial benefits



















Source: Sunstein (2014); Sunstein & Reisch (2014); Sunstein & Reisch (2023); Reisch & Sunstein (2024)



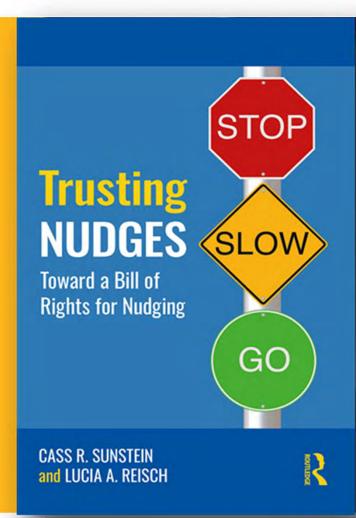
Absence of evidence is not evidence of absence

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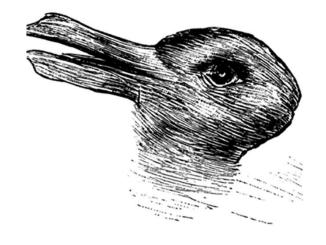
Carl Sagan

Good governance key for ethics, effectiveness, acceptance

- Welfare enhancing
- Benefits larger than costs, side effects included (distributional, rebound, crowding out)
- Autonomy and freedom of choice preserving
- Open to public debate and scrutiny
- Transparent stepwise processes, review & adapt
- Internal trusted promoter(s) are key



Should structural solutions be preferred?



- 1. Structural changes tend to be more effective and long-lasting but depend on accepting more **paternalistic policies**; processes are slow, and coalitions are vulnerable.
- 2. No single policy or policy approach should be expected to solve one major societal problem progress requires **packages**.
- 3. Some structures are shallow; some are deep. Structural changes are not always "big"; many small behavioural changes *can* be impactful.
- 4. Weak structural policies (e.g., laws with loopholes) can even be a major **barrier** to transformation.
- Structural and individual approaches are **not antithetical**,
 neither in theory nor in practice. They are interdependent and
 mutually supporting.
 (Often, it is about perspectives and disciplines).



So – can we nudge to net zero?



- 1. Behavioural insights-based instruments can be very effective, sometimes more than harder instruments. There are only a few universal "laws"
 - test, learn, adapt, and share the results
- 2. Nudges do little harm, can be adapted low-cost. Get consumers in the driver's seat. Useful to trigger change (not necessarily to sustain it)
 - complementary use is strongly recommended; low-hanging fruits
- 3. Behavioural approaches *alone* are easily overcompensated by growth (rebound effect)
 - individual and structural level transformation needed
- 4. Behavioural scientists have played little role in some major (technical) science-policy interfaces (e.g., the IPCC, IEA, national climate packages)
 - include behavioural science and the behavioural lens
- 5. "ASAP tools" responding to the urgency and wickedness of climate change
 - no time for ideological think bans, "all hands on deck"







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