

# New Wholesale Single Electricity Market on the Island of Ireland

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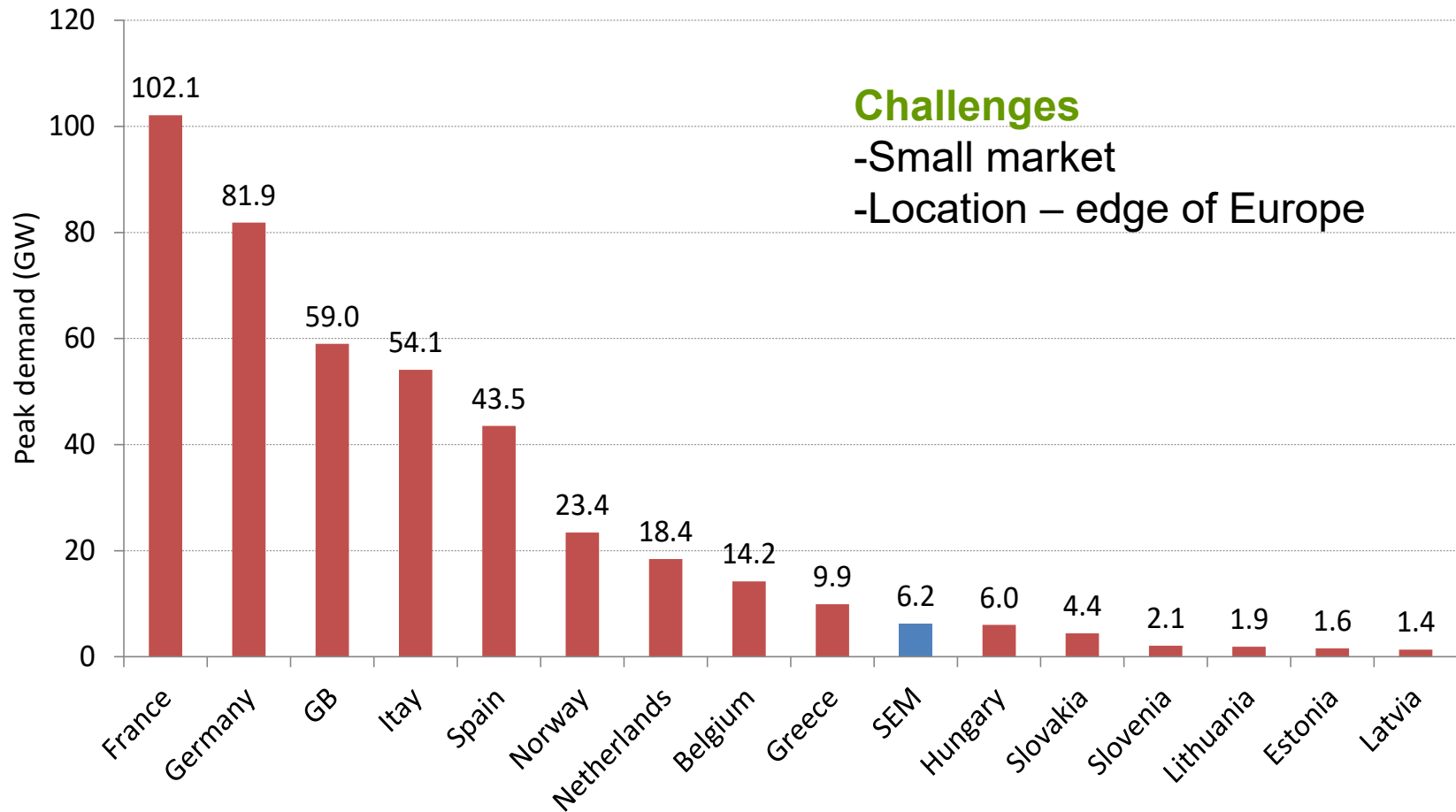


# Summary - New SEM

- **Context, concept and design**
- **Initial Assessment – 2 months in**
- **Looking Forward**

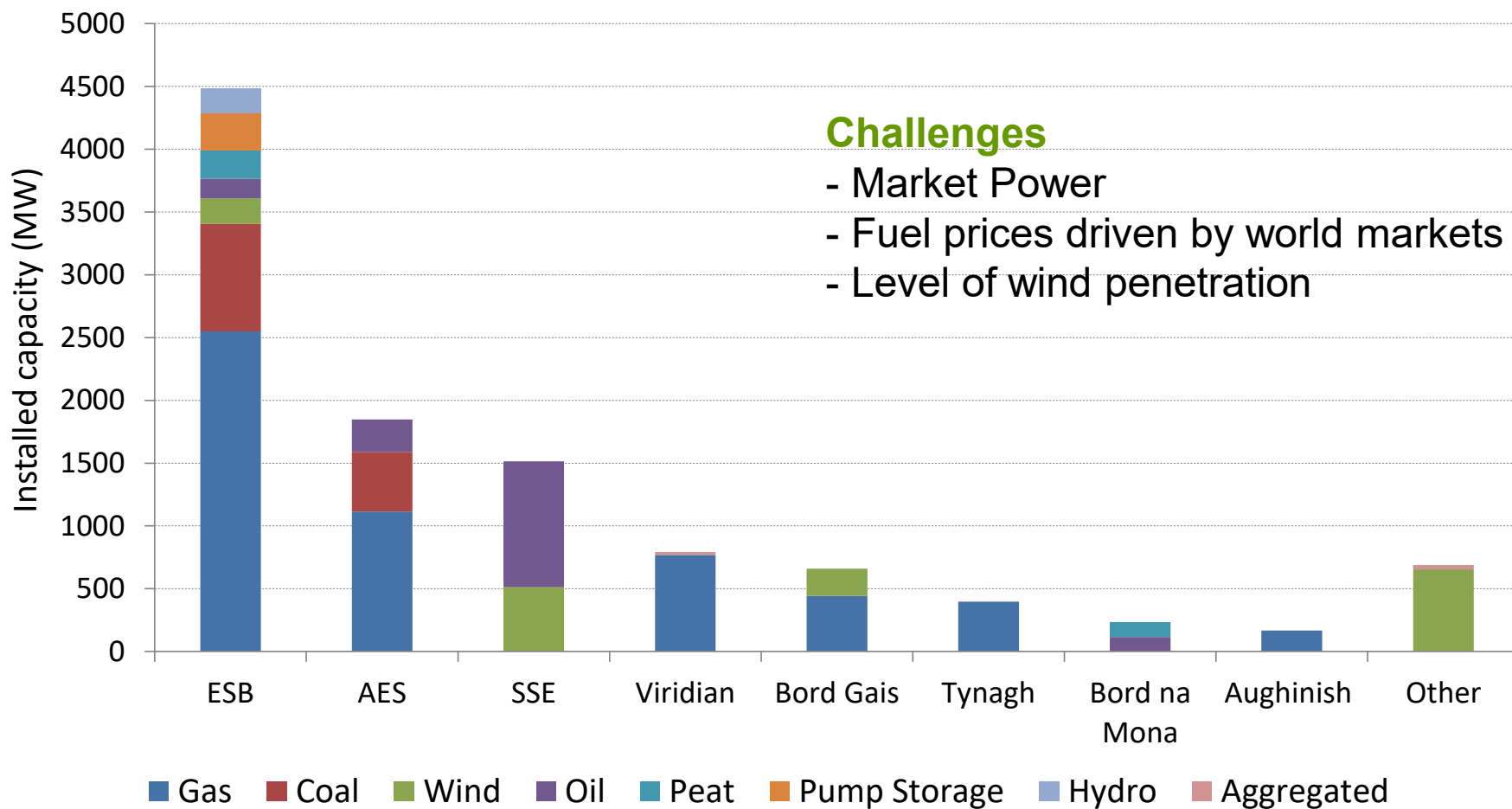
# Challenges for Market Design

## Peak demand of selected European markets



# Challenges for Market Design

## Generation capacity by owner



# Current Interconnection



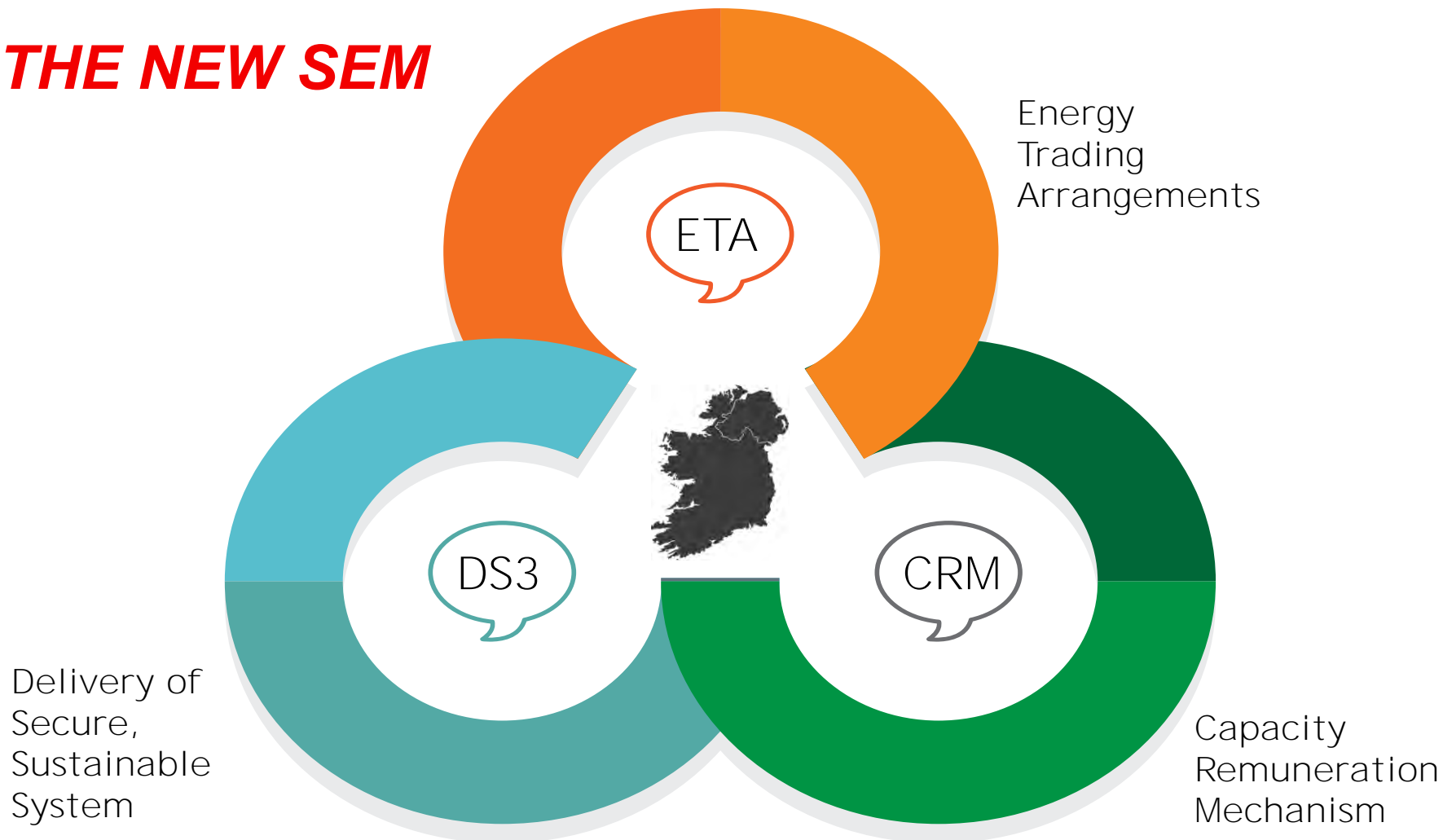
## Key Drivers for redesign of the market

- Alignment of cross border trading arrangements within the region.
- **Maximisation of use of interconnection capacity between NI/ROI and GB.**
- Price convergence across the region.
- EU target model is a factor but not the single reason for redesigning the SEM.

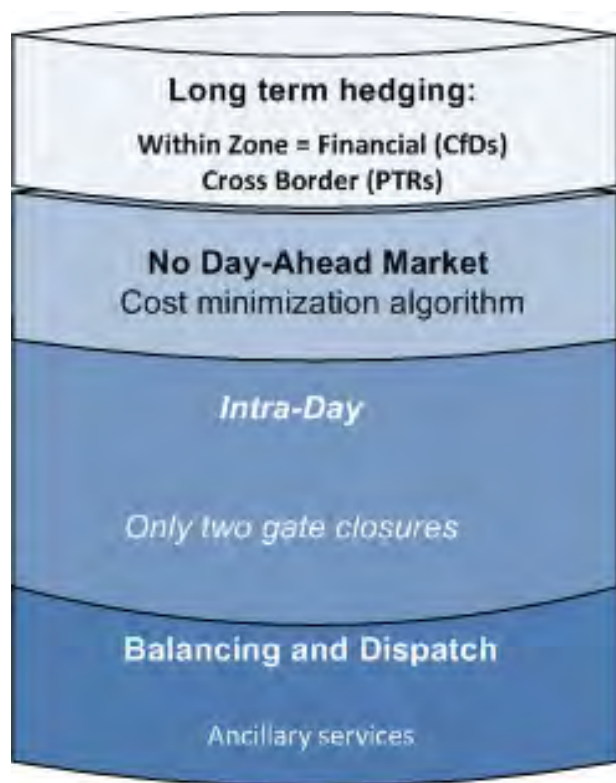
## Timely Review

- **Increased interconnection capability – 80MW to 950MW.**
- **Changing generation mix - wind penetration.**
- Greater potential for demand side participation.

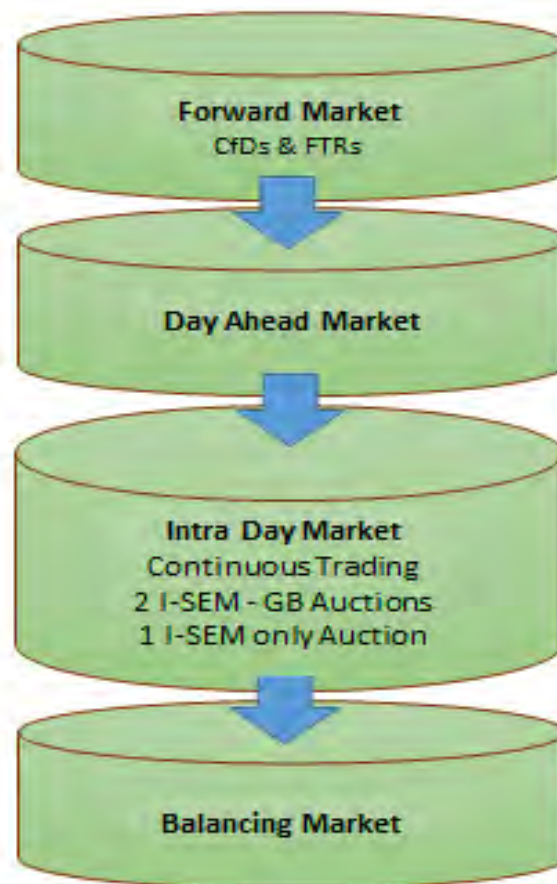
## *THE NEW SEM*



## Old SEM



## New SEM





- **Key focus is on ensuring Security of Supply**
  - Will provide signals for entry and exit of plant
  
- **Needed to address 'missing money' issue**
  - High levels of zero marginal cost renewables leads to:
    - Lower energy prices; lower plant utilisation; more price volatility
  - Issue compounded by having a small market that is loosely interconnected
  - Tolerance to high prices and price caps
  
- **CRM based on Reliability Options**
  - Addresses this issue and provides investment certainty
  - Provides an incentive to deliver capacity when needed
  - Provides consumer protection from high prices

# Capacity Auction Timetable

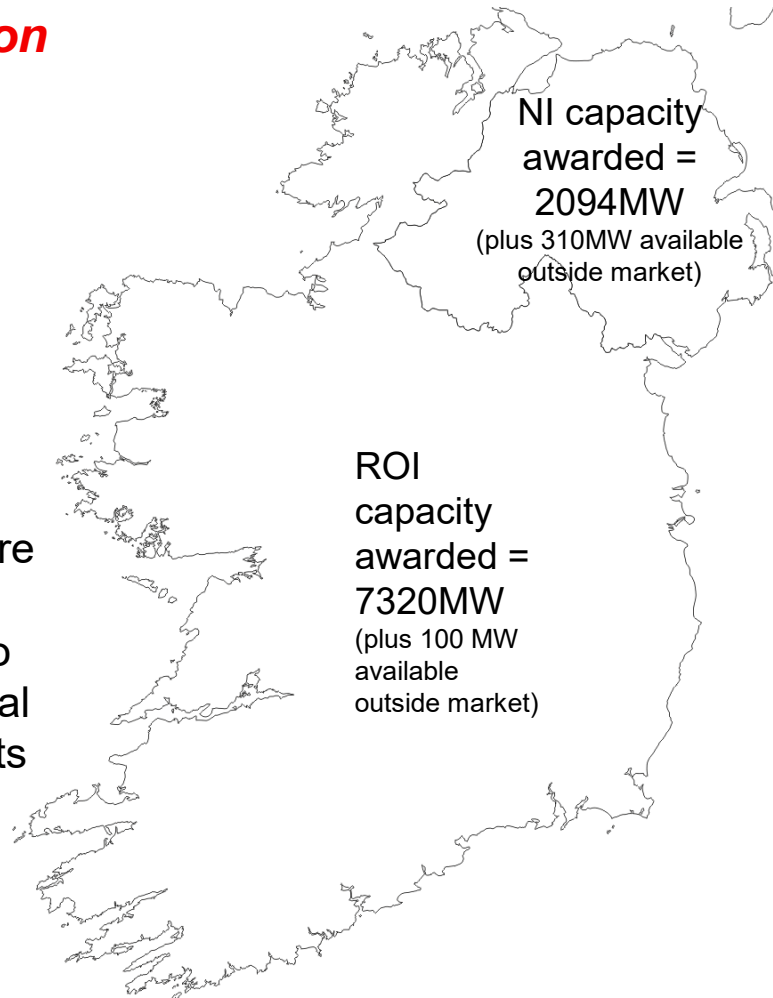


\* Timeline subject to approval and publication by SEM Committee.

# All-island capacity auction results

**Competitive auction process results in annual consumer savings of £200m (£50m for NI)**

Post auction there were separate jurisdiction analyses conducted to establish any additional locational requirements e.g. blackstart, transmission constraints.



Total NI peak demand  
1760MW

Total capacity available  
2404MW

Total ROI peak demand  
7100MW

Total capacity available  
7420MW

Total All-island peak demand  
8860MW

Total capacity available  
9824MW

## Purpose of System Services/DS3 revenue

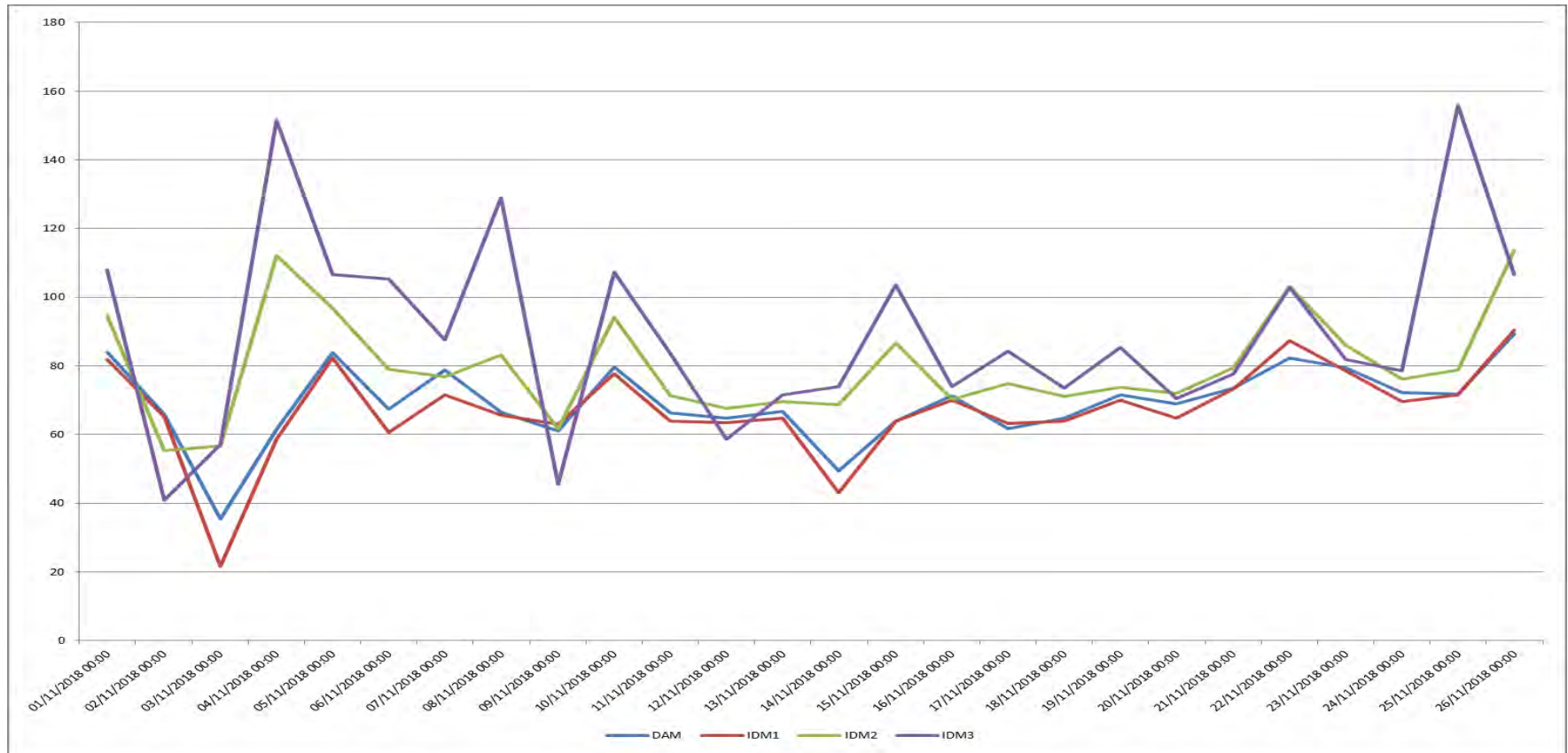
- To **value units** which can provide **necessary services to support stable and reliable system**, particularly in context of increasing **levels of wind penetration**
- Values flexibility and pays for necessary services

## Managed Exit - Grid Code Requirements

- Require 3 year notice period for units >50MW
- Derogations can be sought from regulators
- Transmission System Operators assessment of system informs regulatory decisions

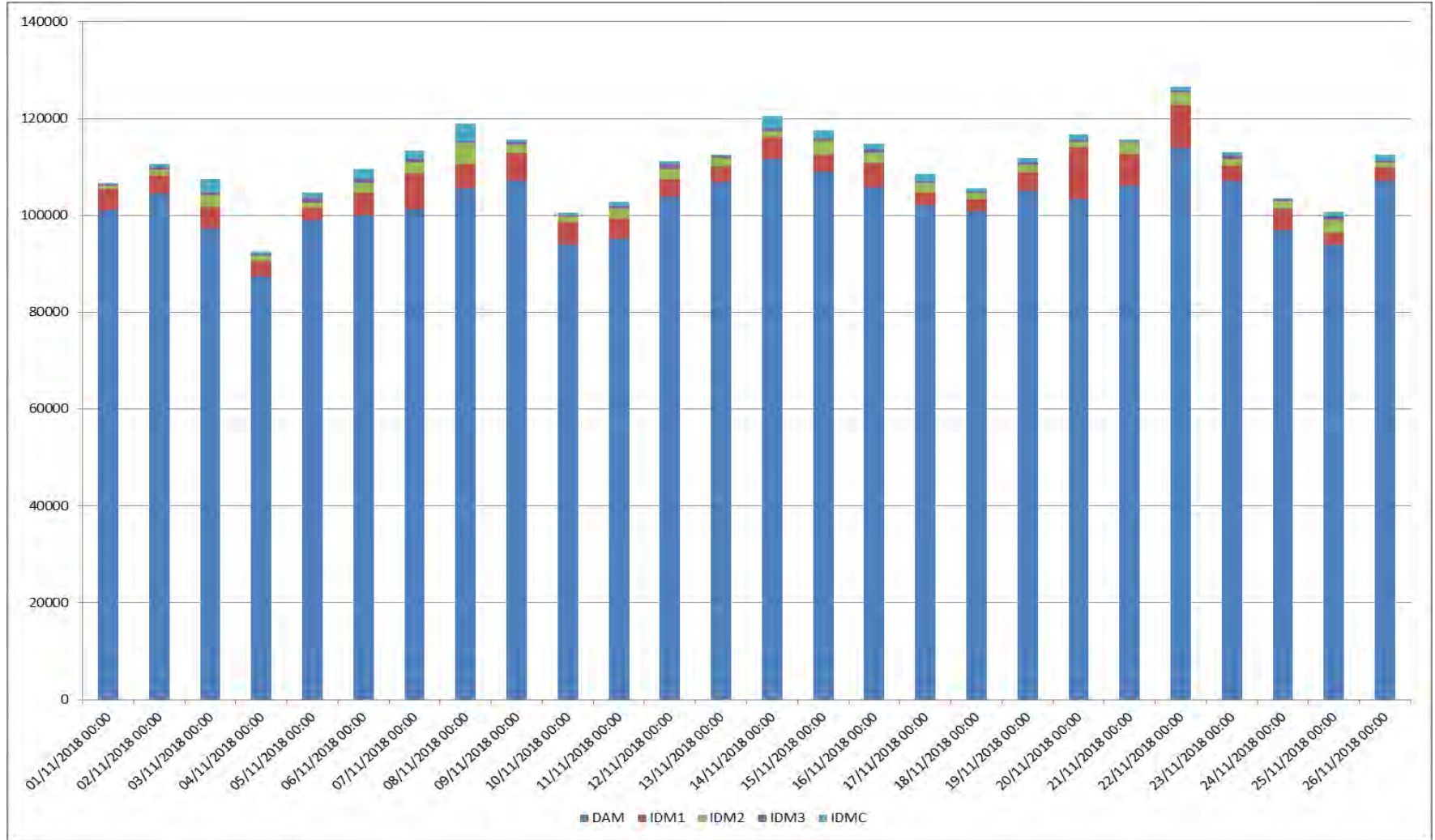
# INITIAL ASSESSMENT OF ENERGY TRADING

# Average Ex-Ante Auction Prices

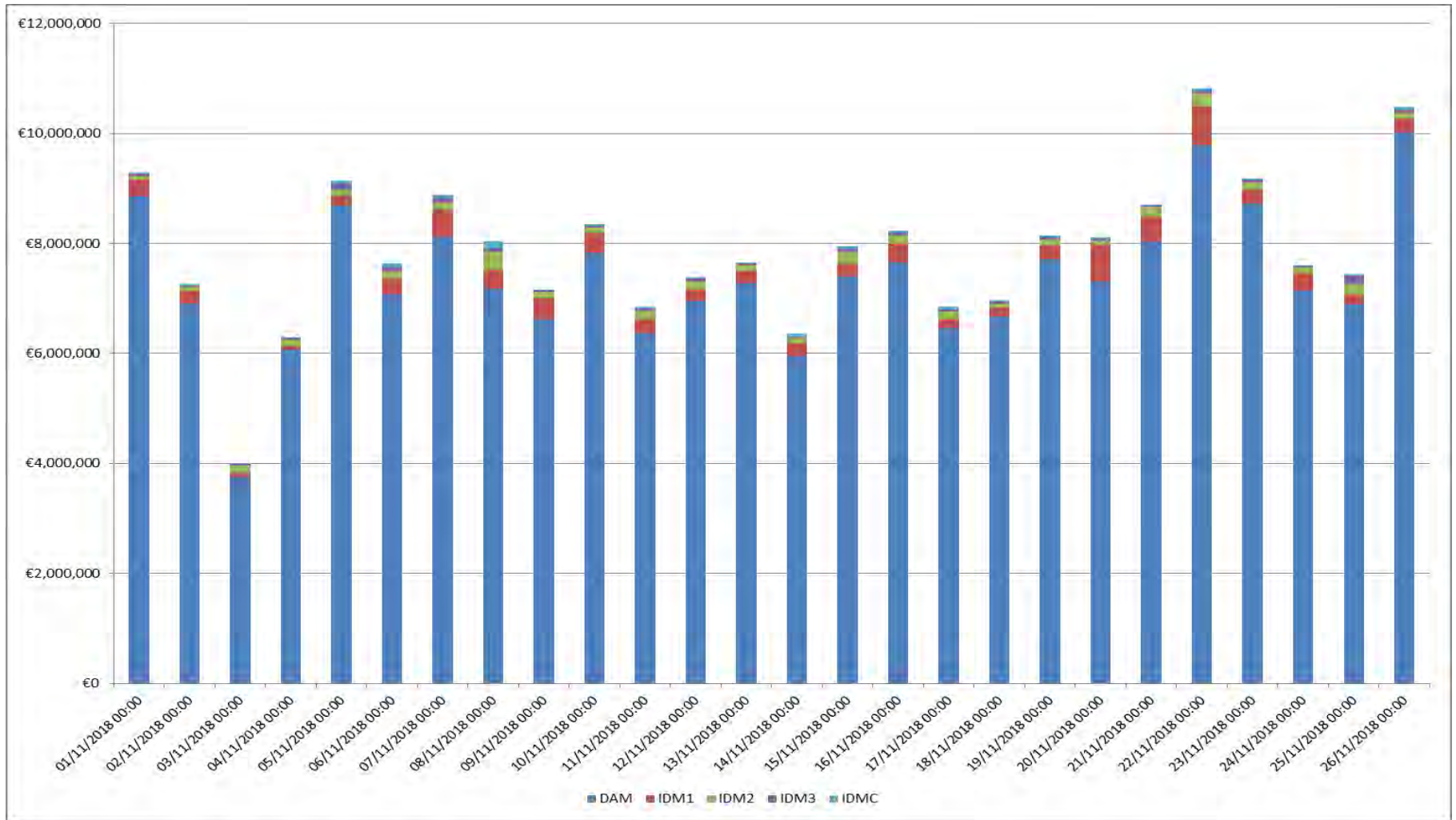


- Average DAM Price: €69.31/MWh
- Average IDA1 Price: €67.30/MWh
- Average IDA2 Price: €79.72/MWh
- Average IDA3 Price: €72.95/MWh

# Ex Ante Volumes

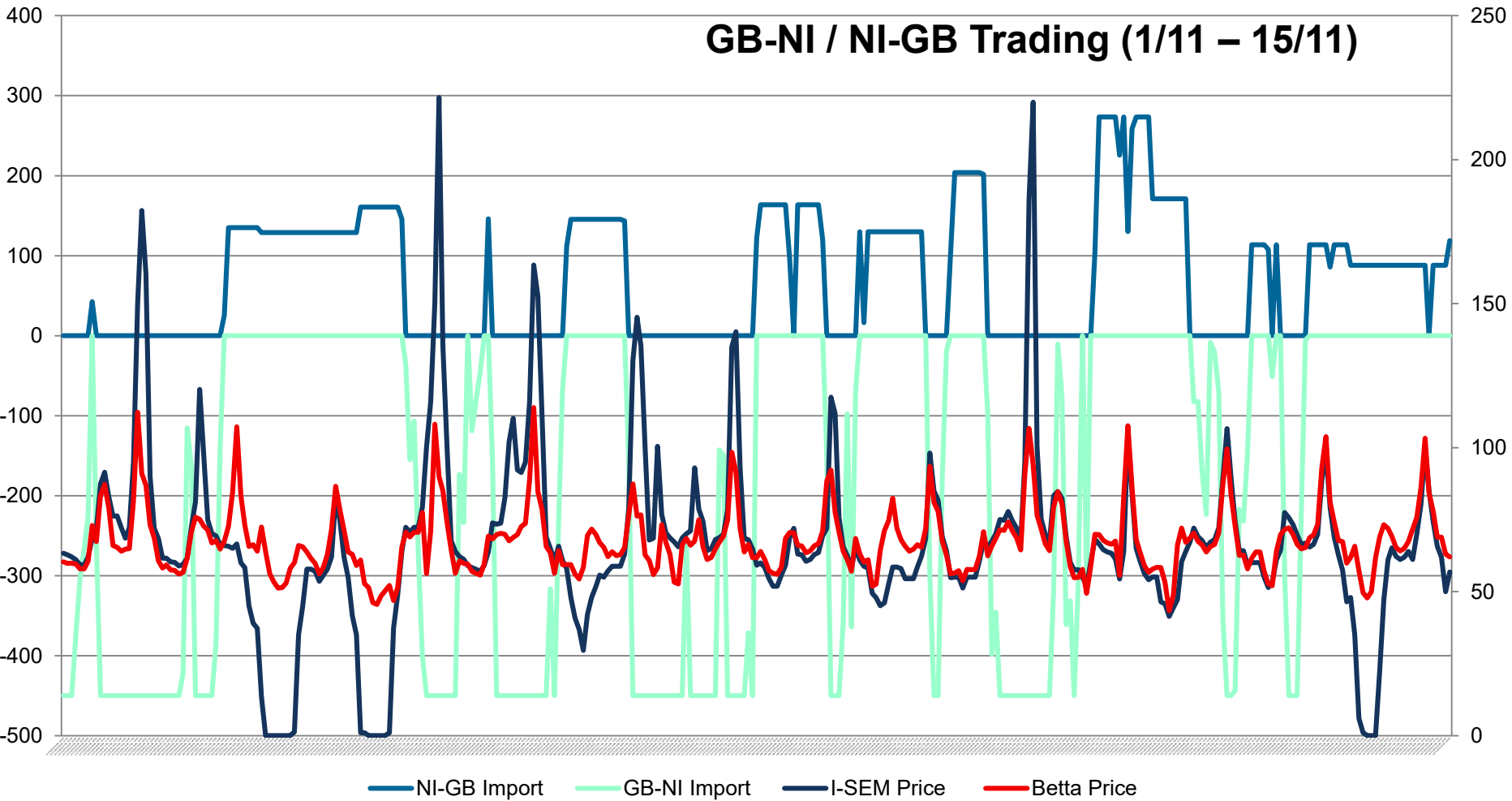


# Ex Ante Value (Nov 1<sup>st</sup> to 26<sup>th</sup>)

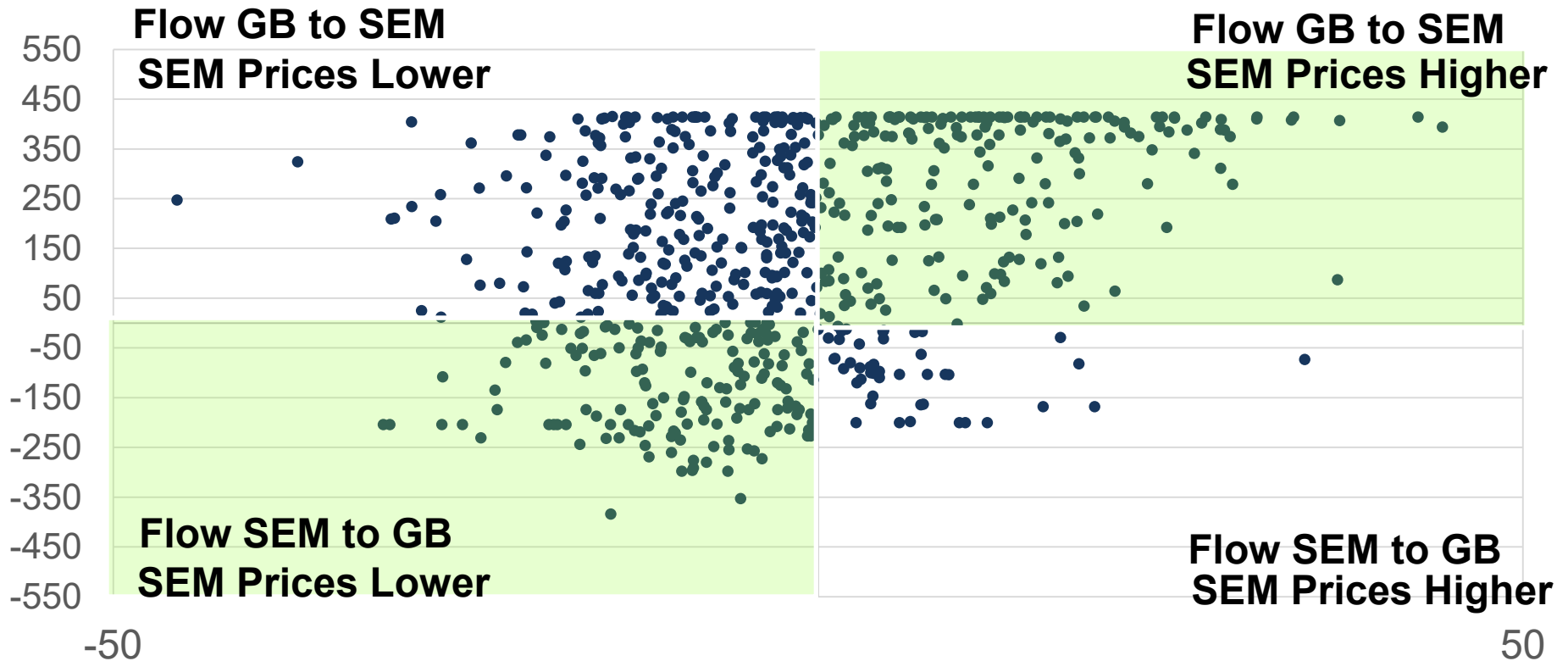




# I-SEM Prices, GB Prices & IC Flows (MOYLE)

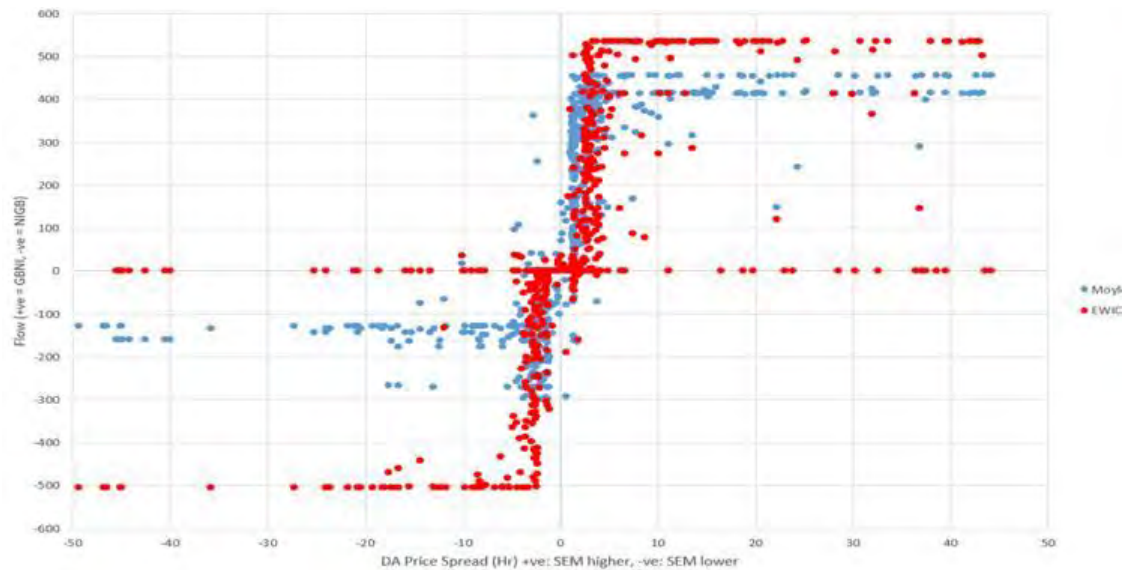


# Moyle Flows Pre-ISEM:

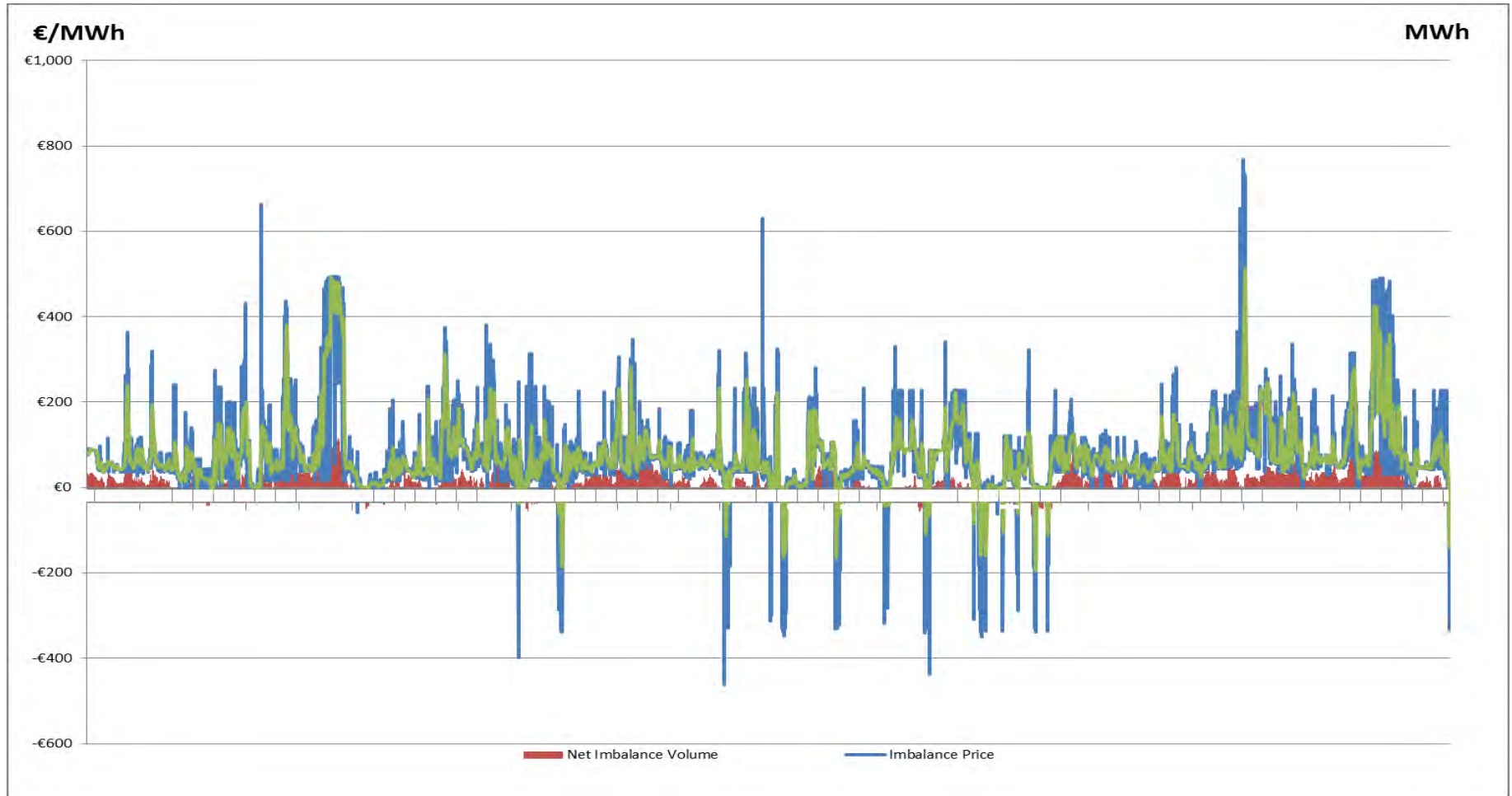


# Interconnector Flow Efficiency – EWIC and Moyle

## Interconnector Flows/Market Price Differences

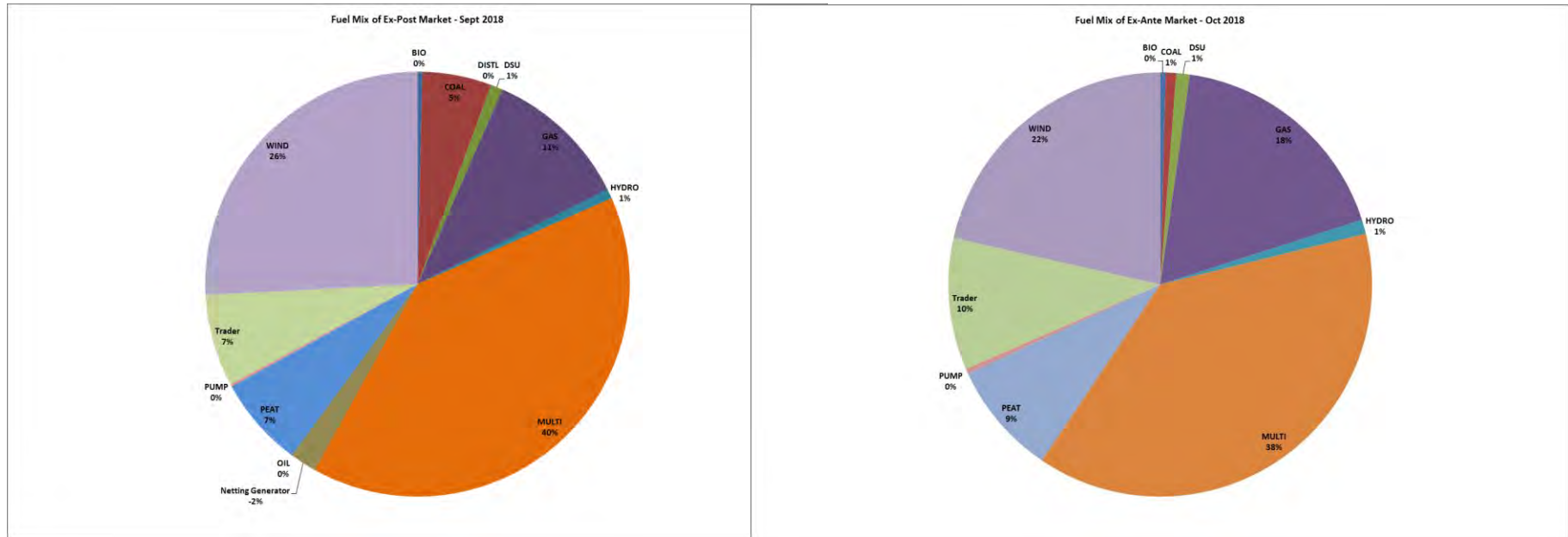


# Imbalance Pricing & Net Imbalance Volume



# Fuel Mix of Ex-Post Market

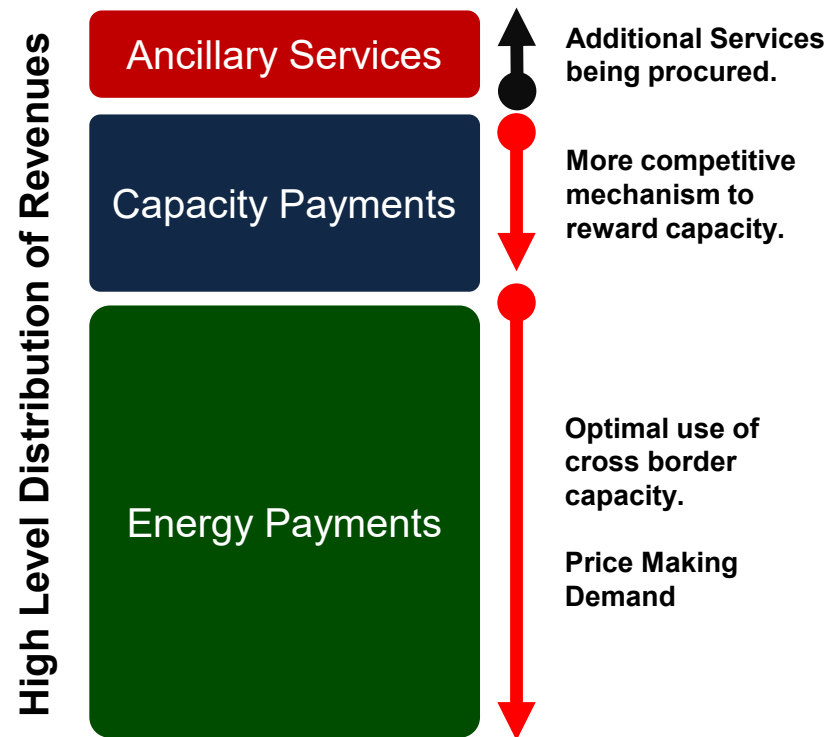
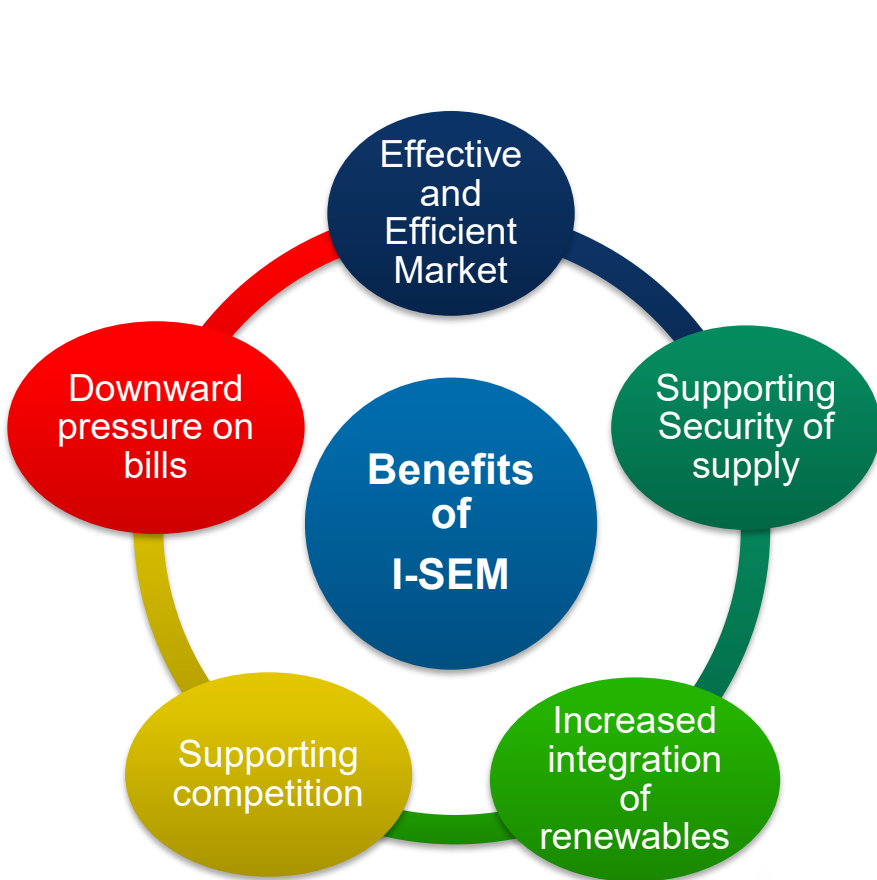
- Coal units are only major change in market fuel mix
- Additional traders representing drop in wind traded in old arrangements



Sept 2018

Oct 2018

# SEM Positive outcomes



- Balancing Market
  - System issues
  - Investigations
  - Design outcomes what we expected
- North/South Interconnector – major constraint
- T-4 Auctions / new investment / Locational Signals
- The Energy Transition / Future Scenarios / government policy