Financial Transmission Rights: California & PJM

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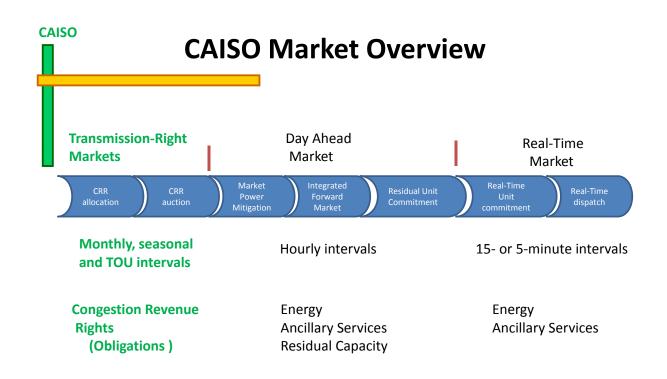
Workshop on Physical and Financial Capacity Rights for Cross-Border Trade in Electricity, London, 31 May 2011

Questions:

- Structure?
 - What's covered?
 - Allocation & trade?
- Performance?
 - Activity?
 - Congestion hedging?
 - Convergence of FTR prices vs. payoffs?
 - Revenue adequacy & other credit risks?
 - Market power?

In a Nutshell:

		·		
	PJM Interconnection (FTRs)	CAISO (CRRs)		
LMP Since:	1998	2009		
LMP Includes:	Congestion & Losses			
	PTP Obligation			
	Point-to-Point Obligation &	(+Options if construct new line)		
Rights:	Options	(+Multiple PtP Obligation)		
Rights Cover:	Congestion Only			
Hours:	All Hours; On & Off Peak	On & Off Peak		
Duration:	1 & 3 months; 3 yrs	1 & 3 months; 10 yrs		
What's Allocated:	Auction Revenue Rights	CRRs		
		Buy (& Sell de facto) monthly,		
Auction:	Buy & Sell monthly, annual	annual		
Revenue Adequacy		•		
Test:	Linearized DC Network Model			
If Revenue		Fully funded		
Inadequate:	Pro-rate payment (monthly)	(draw from auction revenues)		
Bilateral Trading	Yes, active	Yes, inactive		



Types of CRRs

- 2 time of use
 - ON- and OFF-Peak
- Seasonal CRRs
 - Calendar quarterly basis
- Monthly CRRs
 - Calendar months
- Long Term CRRs extend 9 years after annual term (10 yrs total)
- Merchant Transmission CRRs: terms of up to 30 yrs

Source: A. Isemonger, CAISO

CAISO

Allocation → Auction → Trade

CRRs can be obtained through

- Allocations; participants can nominate if they are either:
 - Load Serving Entity (LSE)
 - "Out of Balancing Authority Area Load Serving Entity"
 - Project sponsors of Merchant Transmission
- Monthly Auctions; participants can bid if
 - They have qualified as (candidate) CRR holders
 - Collateral is posted 7 business days prior to the auction
- Also, existing CRRs may be obtained through
 - Bilateral trades at will
 - Load migration –not at will
- Merchant transmission

Overview – Annual Allocation

- 75% of network capacity released
 - Minus any previously allocated Long Term CRRs and pre-existing rights (TORs, ETCs and CVRs)
- Run as 3 seasonal tiers and 1 long term tier
 - In each: 8 markets (season/time of use combinations)
 - Sequence: Tier 1 → Tier LT → Tier 2 → Tier 3

Source: A. Isemonger, CAISO

CAISO

Overview - Annual Allocation

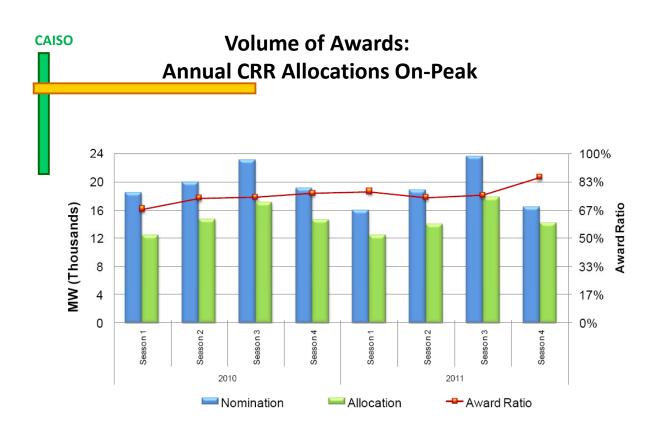
- Tier 1 Priority Nomination Process
 - LSEs eligible to nominate from the "Pot" of CRRs that was allocated to them in the previous annual process
 - Eligibility based on prior year's load
- Tier LT Allocates Long Term CRRs
 - LSEs eligible to nominate from the "Pot" of CRRs that was allocated to them in the Priority Nomination Process
 - Allocated CRRs good for 9 Years
 - 60% percent of the capacity of the network released
- Tier 2 & 3 Open Tiers
 - LSEs can nominate from any valid CRR Source

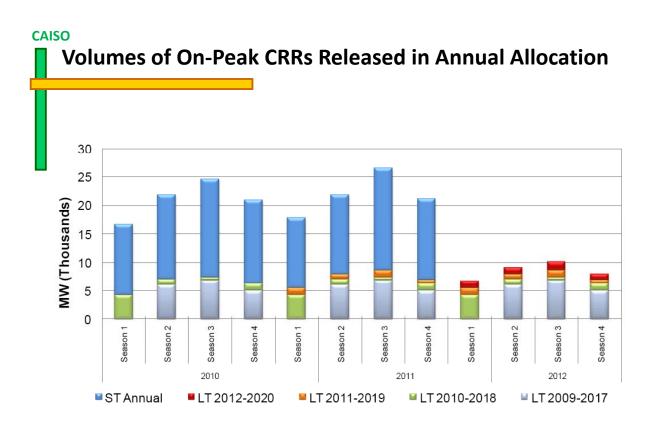
CAISO

Overview – Monthly Process

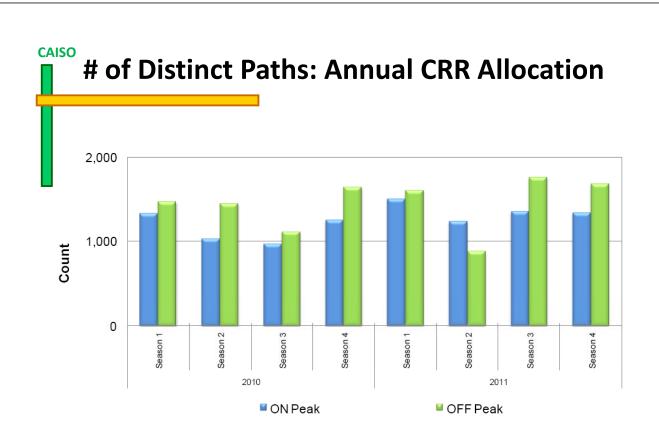
- Allocation runs as 2 tiers
 - One market for ON and OFF
 - LSEs can nominate from any resource
 - Eligibility based on forecasted load
 - 100% (minus 'derate') of the network capacity released
- Auction runs as 1 tier
 - Run 2 markets, ON and OFF

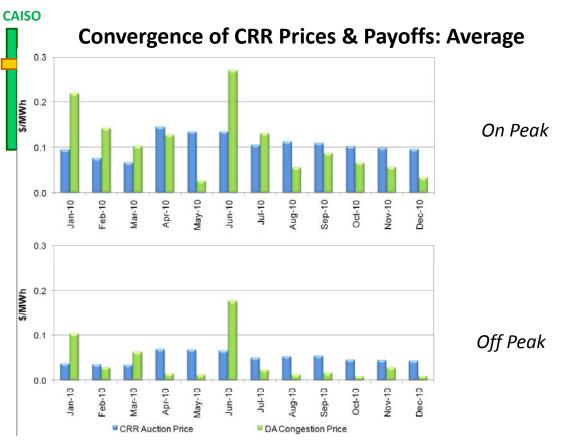
Source: A. Isemonger, CAISO



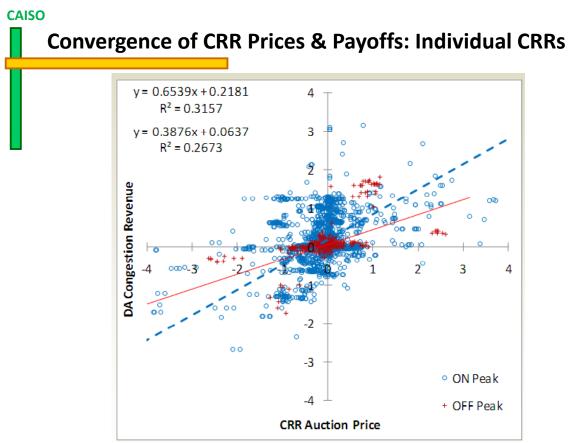


Source: CAISO, Annual Market Performance CRR Report, 3/2011

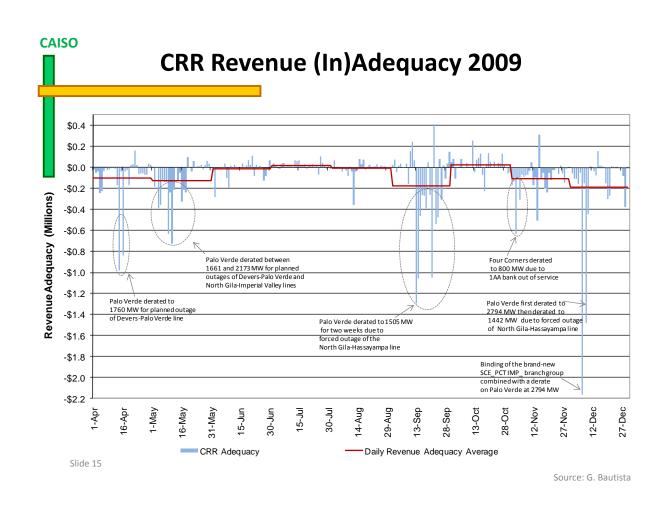


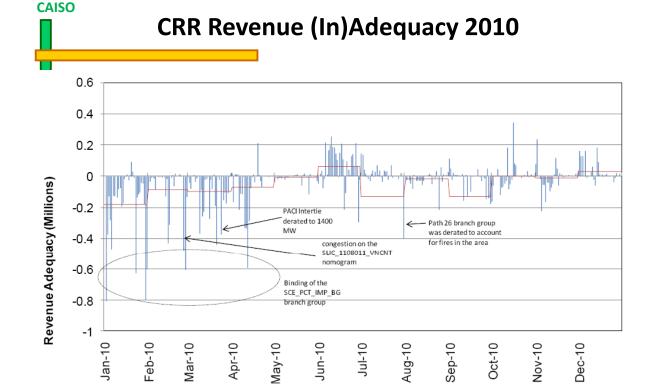


Source: CAISO, Annual Market Performance CRR Report, 3/2011



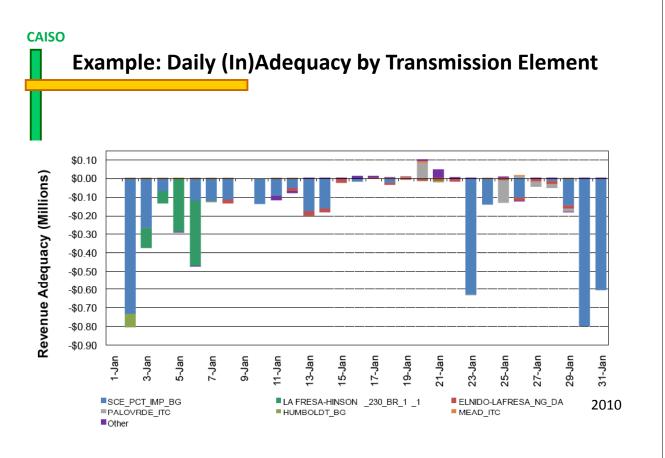
Source: G. Bautista, IEEE PES



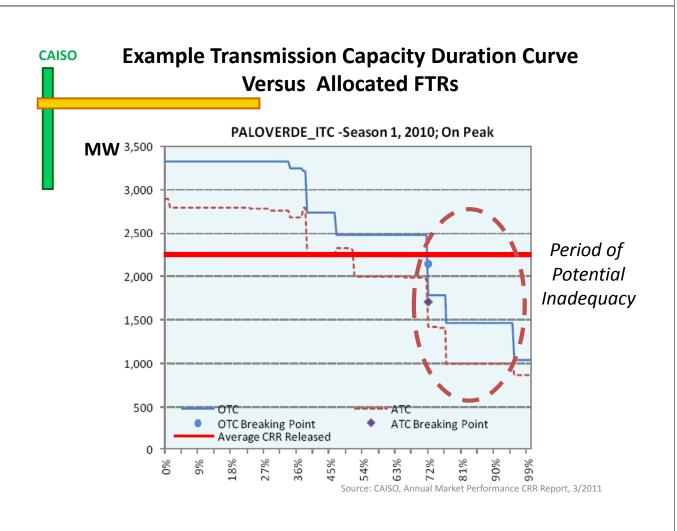


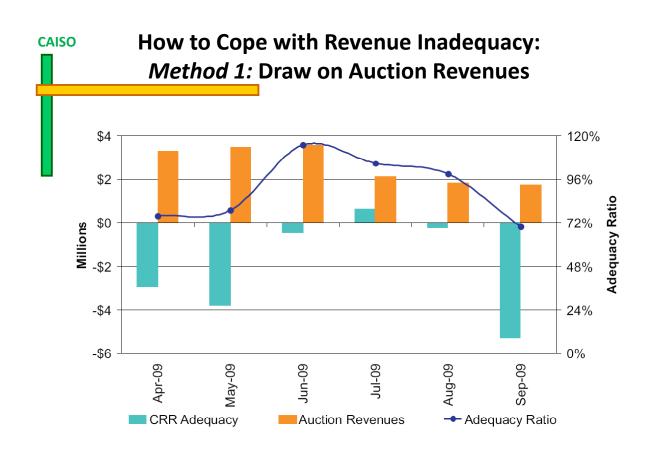
CRR Revenue Adequacy

Daily Revenue Adequacy Average

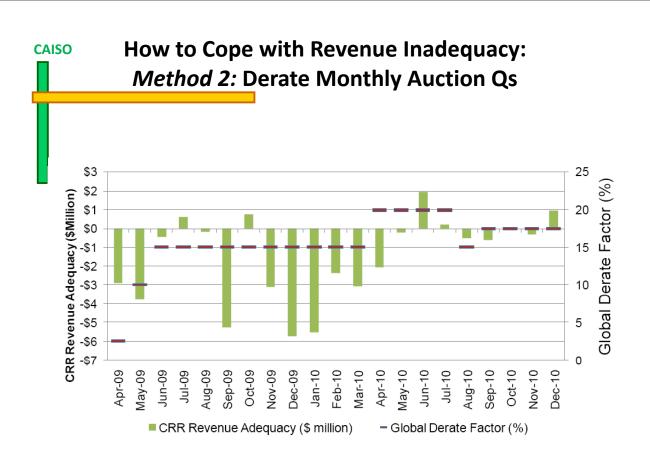


Source: CAISO, Annual Market Performance CRR Report, 3/2011





Source: G. Bautista

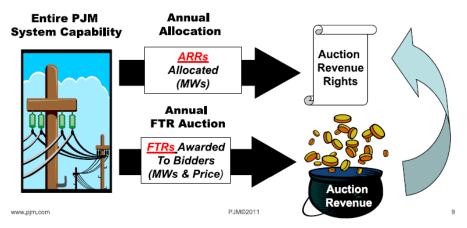


PJM:

An Auction Revenue Rights & Financial Transmission Rights System

ARR/FTR Relationship

ARRs provide revenue stream to the firm transmission customer to offset purchase price of FTRs



Source: PJM Workshop on ARR and FTR Market 2011/2012

PJM

How to Acquire FTRs?

- 1. Annual FTR Auction
 - Full system capability minus Long-Term FTRs
- 2. Long-Term FTR Auction
 - Buy residual system capability assuming selfscheduling of ARRs
- 3. Monthly FTR auction
 - Buy 'left over' capability
- 4. Bilateral trading on secondary market

PJM

Who Owns FTRs?

	FTR Direction		
Organization Type	Prevailing Flow	Counter Flow	All
Physical	42.7%	27.5%	38.8%
Financial	57.3%	72.5%	61.2%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

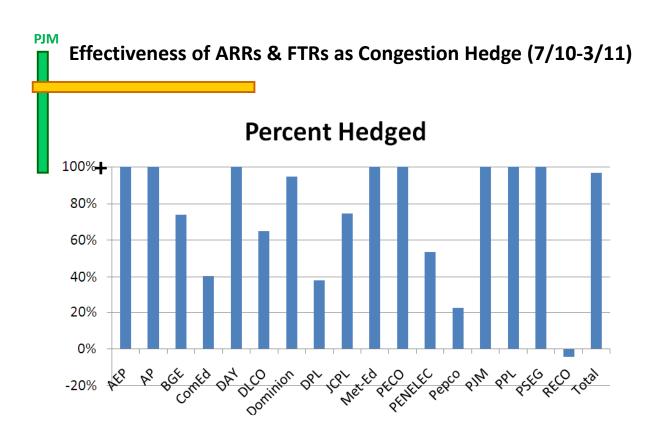
Source: PJM State of Market Report, 2011

PJM

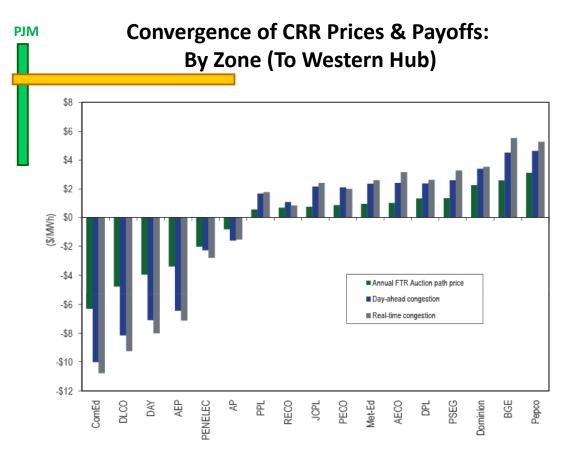
Secondary Bilateral FTR Market Volume

Planning Period	Hedge Type	Class Type	Volume (MW)
2009/2010	Obligation	24-Hour	1,535
		On Peak	3,979
		Off Peak	4,132
		Total	9,646
	Option	24-Hour	30
		On Peak	0
		Off Peak	0
		Total	30
2010/2011*	Obligation	24-Hour	1,729
		On Peak	10,573
		Off Peak	12,740
		Total	25,042
	Option	24-Hour	20
		On Peak	0
		Off Peak	0
		Total	20

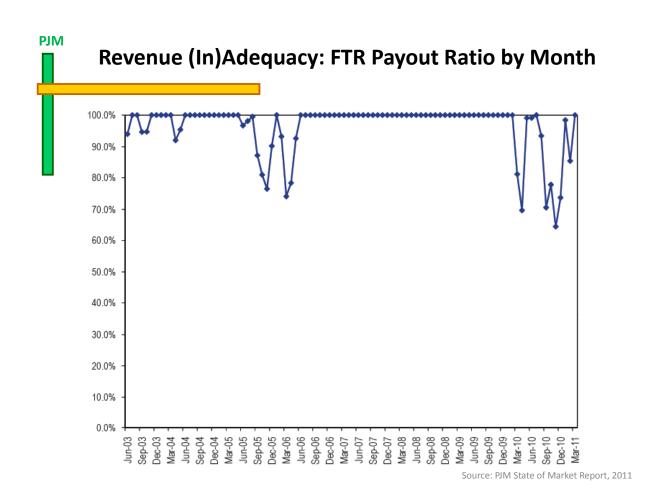
^{*} Shows ten months ended 31-Mar-2011



Source: PJM State of Market Report, 2011



Source: PJM State of Market Report, 2011



Market Power

PJM Market Monitoring Unit:

 Market structure; participant behavior; performance all competitive

CAISO MMU:

 Annual report doesn't even mention market power

Review: Performance?

- Activity → Increasing
- Congestion hedging → Largely effective
- Convergence of FTR prices and payoffs →
 Improving but far from complete
- Revenue adequacy → Ongoing annoyance
- Other credit problems ->

Power Edge's spectacular failure

Market power → No problems noticed

Thank you!