

A New Era of Energy Insecurity?

The oil market in its geopolitical environment

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Main messages

- 1. Energy insecurity has been a key theme of economic and foreign policy discourse for a decade (US, Europe, Asia)
- 2. This relates to a series of shocks, but also trends
- 3. Oil trend: from oil abundance to scarcity
- 4. Geopolitical trend: transition away from US hegemony
- 5. A return of confidence is highly unlikely, but the world is not moving towards oil anarchy and conflicts

Understanding insecurity: the shocks

- 11 September 2001
- \$4/gallon
- Katrina
- Macondo







Understanding insecurity: the trends

Oil/energy trends

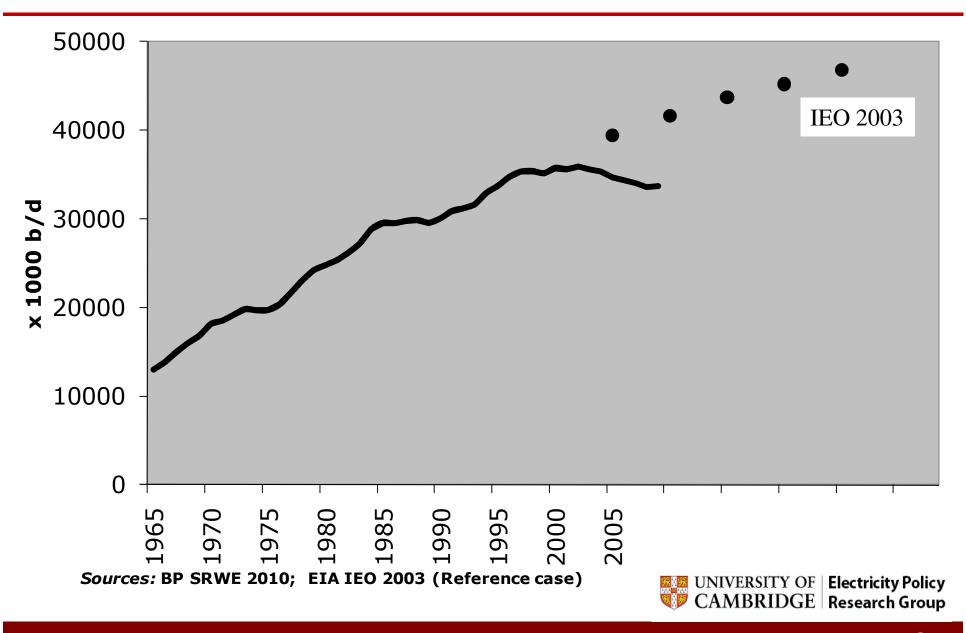
- Western oil companies are no longer renewing their reserves
- Production outside OPEC and FSU is declining
- Middle East capacity is not increasing
- Enormous demand potential from emerging economies
- Climate change issue proves intractable

Geopolitical trends

- US leadership in crisis yet no credible alternative
- Rise of China and BRICS more heterogeneous world
- US Middle East policy in deep crisis

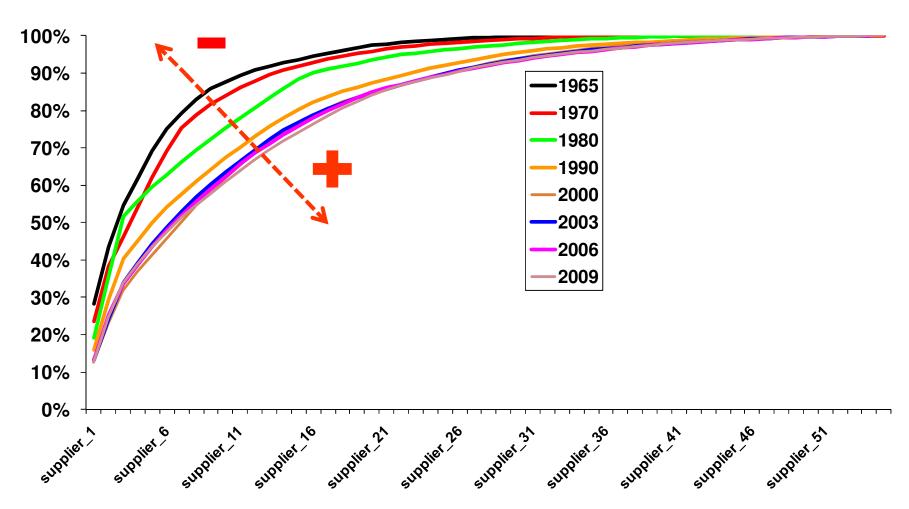


Non-OPEC, non-FSU has peaked



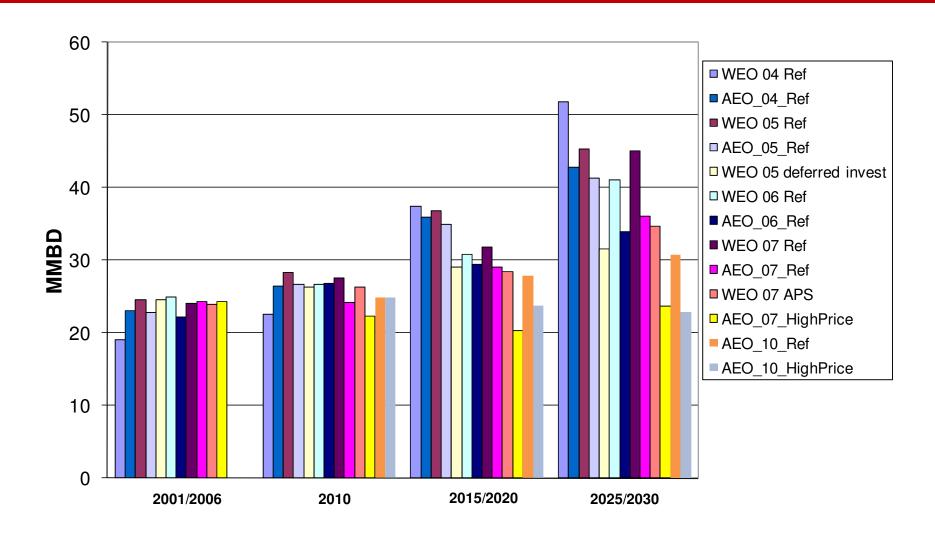
Oil supply is no longer diversifying

Cumulative Oil Supply, various years



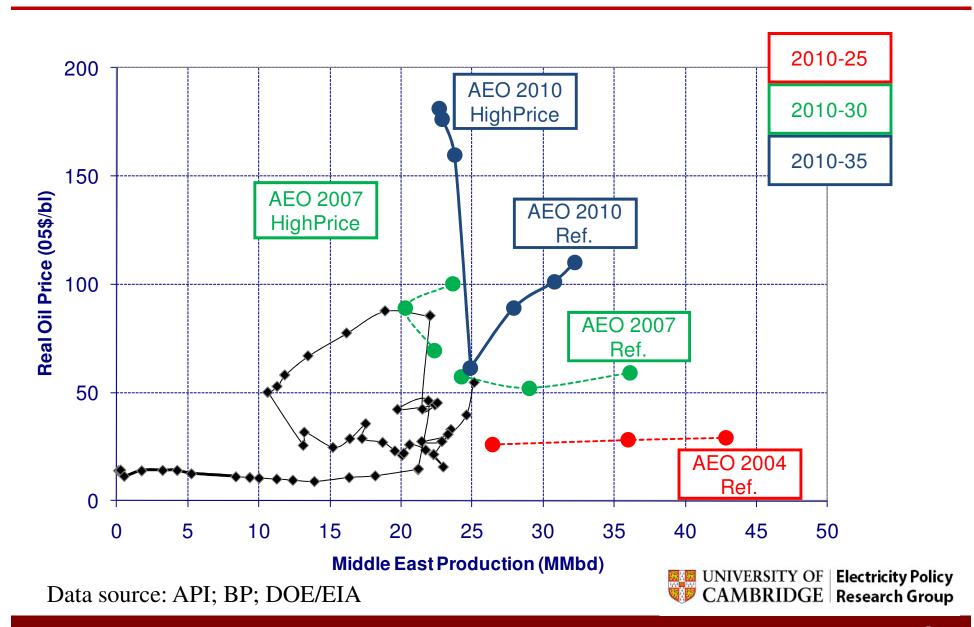
Data source: BP Statistical Review 2010

Revised views of Middle East production

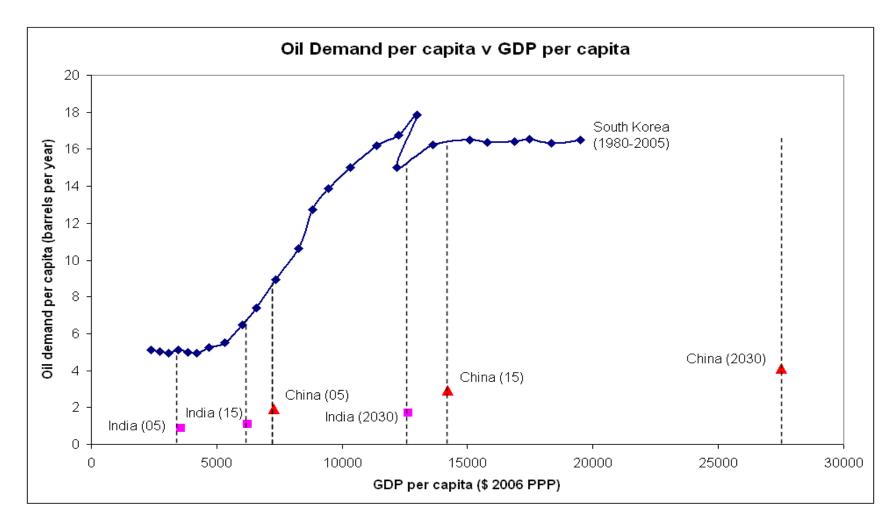


Data source: IEA; DOE/EIA

Middle East v. Price of Oil



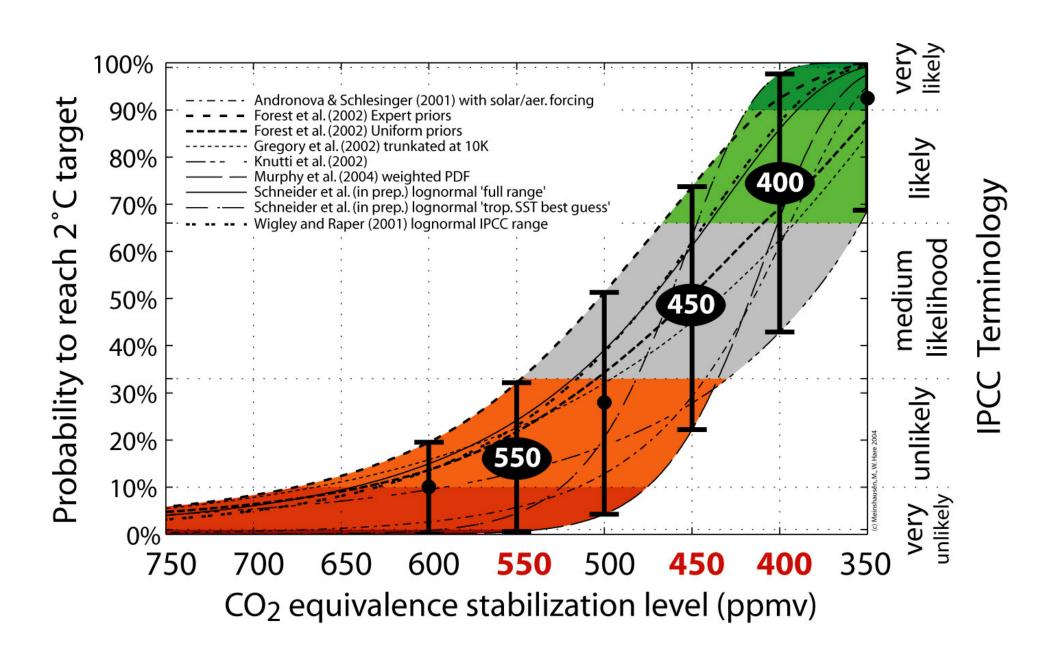
Is Chinese & Indian future demand underestimated?



Graph from Terra Allas (DECC) China & India projections from IEA



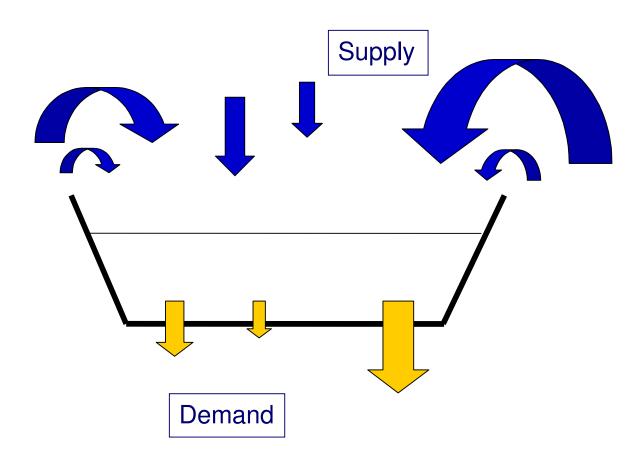
Climate change: frustration ahead



Can the oil security regime be renewed?

- A new US Middle East policy?
 - Difficult to be optimistic
- US-China co-operation in sea lane security and strategic reserves?
 - Goes in the right direction, but no step change
- Emerging economies into the IEA?
 - The perceptions / narratives are still wide apart
 - The politics are not easy
- No collapse, but no clear sign of a renewal

Yet oil market still globally integrated



Cautious optimism

- China's integration in the oil market is fast and smooth
- China is relying <u>entirely</u> on the market
 - For oil
 - For oil reserves
- No militarisation of 'access to oil'
 - US foreign policy is <u>not</u> built around energy security
- Oil market security is still a global public good
 - US and China may learn empirically to co-produce it