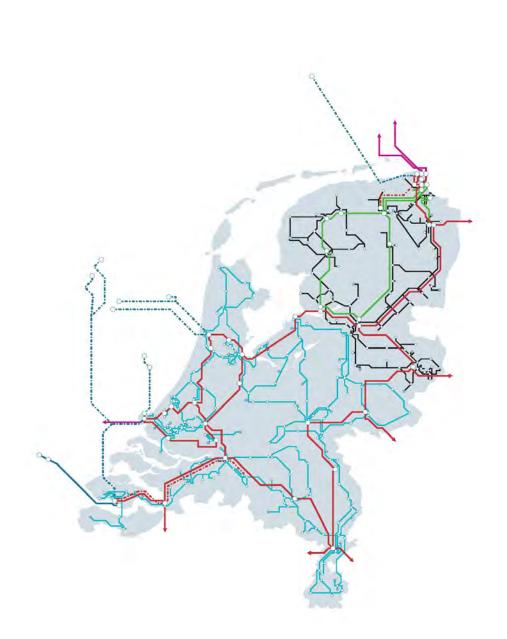
TenneT's Target Grid Ambitions, Strategy & Challenges

Dr. Frank-Peter Hansen Director Asset Management



TenneT at a glance The Netherlands

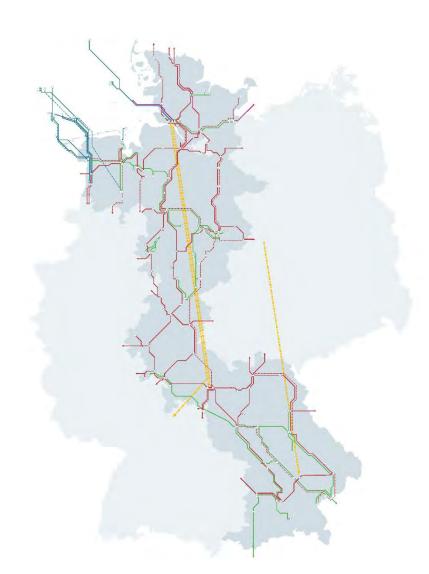
- Facts & figures
 - Employees 3,517
 - Total grid length 11,470 km
 - Transformer substations 349
 - Number of end-users
 18 million





TenneT at a glance Germany

- Facts & figures
 - Employees (internal) 4,132¹
 - Total grid length 13,965 km²
 - Transformer substations 134²
 - Number of end-users 25,5 million³



Source: 1) TenneT Internal Integrated Annual Report 2023 2) internal calculation status 2023 3) internal calculation status 2023/2024



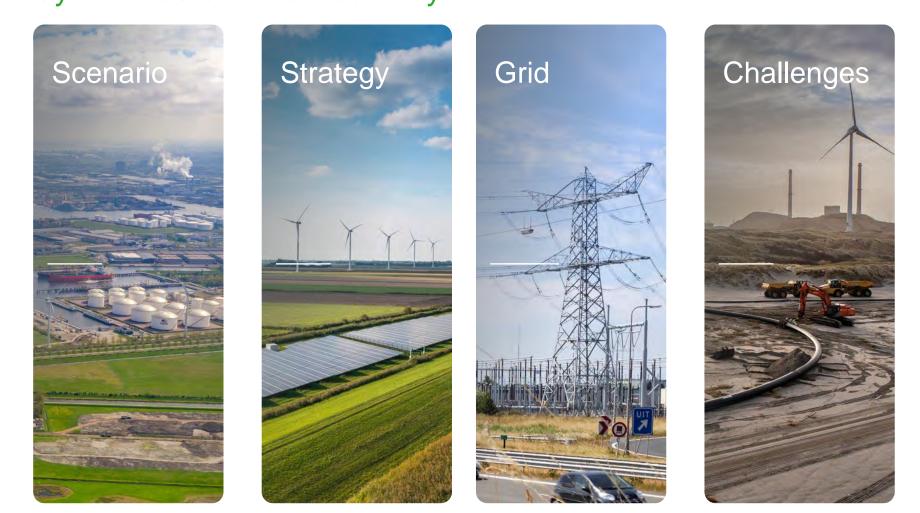
TenneT at a glance 2023



Source: TenneT Internal Integrated Annual Report 2023



Target Grid The way towards climate-neutrality





Scenario

- Ambitious political targets for electrification and generation from renewables
- Powerhouse: North Sea development in DE and NL





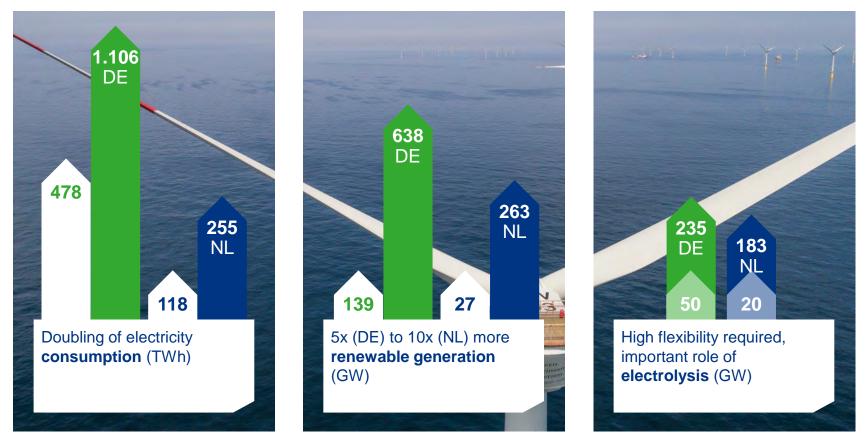
Energy Transition Ambitious goal to achieve various societal tasks

↓				€	t ?
Reduce energy dependence	Make industry more sustainable	Make the region more sustainable	Realise green growth	Affordable energy system	Solve and prevent congestions
Internationally linked DC grid	Expand national grid and further connect with neighbouring countries	Further divide regional grid into subnets	Sustainable infrastructure is prerequisite for healthy economy and competitiveness	Smart and timely preparation as well as standarisation save money	Regional grid further divided into subnets Expanding the national grid



Scenario

Prepare for more than a doubling of electricity consumption



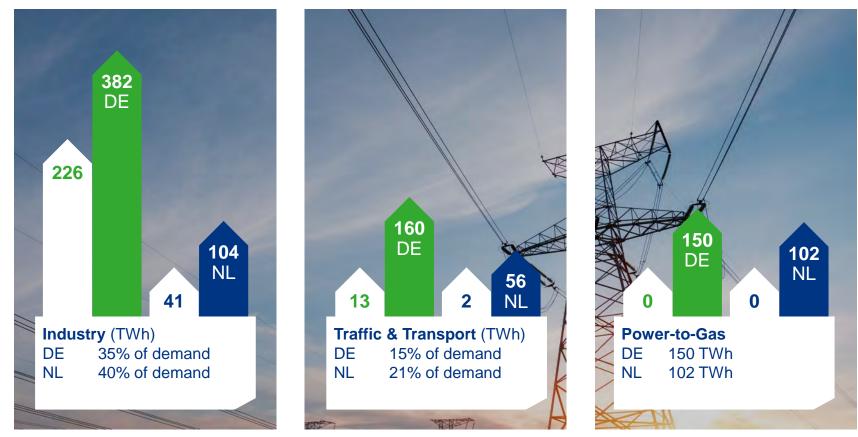
Source: NL: Nationaal Plan Energiesysteem, DE: Szenariorahmen Netzentwicklungsplan (NEP) Strom 2037/2045 (2023)



Scenario

Scenario

Industry, transport and P2G dominate electricity use



Source: NL: Nationaal Plan Energiesysteem, DE: Szenariorahmen Netzentwicklungsplan (NEP) Strom 2037/2045 (2023)



Powerhouse North Sea development

DE and NL plans each account for around 70 GW of offshore wind

Germany

- Offshore generation mainly for electricity system
- No substantial role for offshore P2G

Netherlands

- 'Only' 38 GW is enough for annual electricity demand
- 52 GW is enough to cover national electricity demand plus exports
- With 72 GW of offshore wind, up to 20 GW of P2G offshore adopted



Source: NL: Nationaal Plan Energiesysteem, DE: Szenariorahmen Netzentwicklungsplan (NEP) Strom 2037/2045 (2023)



Strategy

- Planning beyond political targets with Target Grid
- Design principle: Highest electrification scenario
- Target Grid Strategy: Long-term planning, early preparation, future-proof construction, standardisation
- Preparing for the highest electrification scenario





Strategy

Target Grid

Our vision for the onshore and offshore electricity grid of the Netherlands and Germany



We need to anticipate how the future energy infrastructure will look like and 'back cast' this into the actions we need to take today to realise this target picture.



Target Grid is a preparation plan

We need to start preparations now for 2045

Today Target Grid development started

> **2030** Target Grid prepared

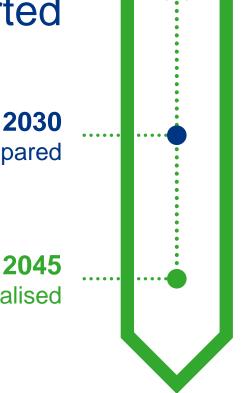
What we need to do:

Establish transmission corridors

Obtain permits

Strategic land acquisition

Target Grid realised





Grid

- International: HVDC 525 kV
- National: AC 220-380 kV
- Regional: AC 110-150 kV





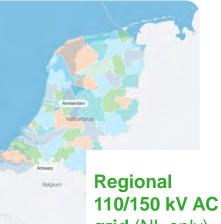
Target Grid DesignDifferent building blocks support different functions within the grid



To transport offshore-generated electricity via internationally connected superhighways



For the decarbonisation of large industries and for future expansion of offshore wind energy



grid (NL only) Is in need for maintenance, strengthening and modernisation to address increasing

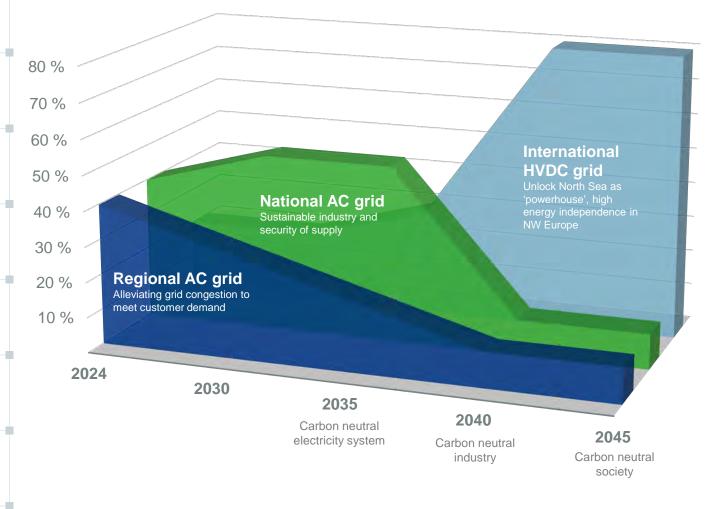
congestion



Grid

Target Grid Development

On three levels in the next 20 years



International (HVDC)

Efficient use of the grid and efficient investments

- Bidding zone configurations
- Cost sharing mechanisms

Technological changes and adjustments by grid users

- New ancillary services based on new technologies
- Adaptation of system integrity approach, grid design requirements and technical connection requirements

National (220/380 kV AC)

Efficient use of the grid and efficient investments

Offshore bidding zones for hybrid interconnectors and hubs

Investment security for market participants

- Strengthening future market
- Capacity charging mechanisms (only if necessary)

Technological changes and adjustments by grid users

- New ancillary services based on new technologies
- Adjusting system integrity approach, grid design requirements and technical connection requirements

Regional (110/150 kV AC)

Efficient use of the grid and efficient investment

- New products to relieve congestive and better use the grid
- Unlocking demand response, storage and industrial flexibility
- Alternative transmission agreements
- Adjustments to the grid tariff system
- Developing forecasts and analysis (data)





Challenges

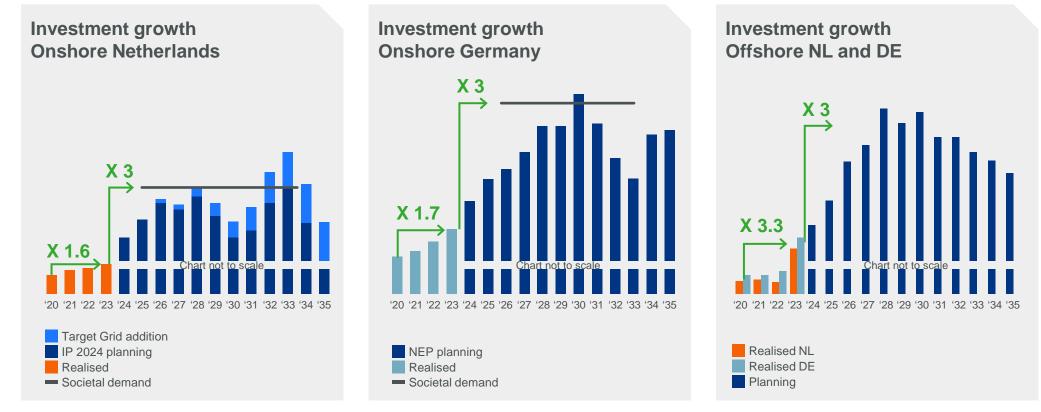
- Manage growth
- Advise politics







Manage growth Ballooning project portfolio leads to high investments



Source: Internal Calculations based on IP/NEP



Manage growth internally

The organisation needs to grow to realise the target grid

Set up sophisticated portfolio management

Prioritisation and optimisation of the project portfolio to deliver maximum value for TenneT

Onboard new employees & plan for the future

- Management of acceptable, healthy growth
- Development of onboarding journey to enable a smooth start
- Plan future roles of employees when the Target Grid has been realised

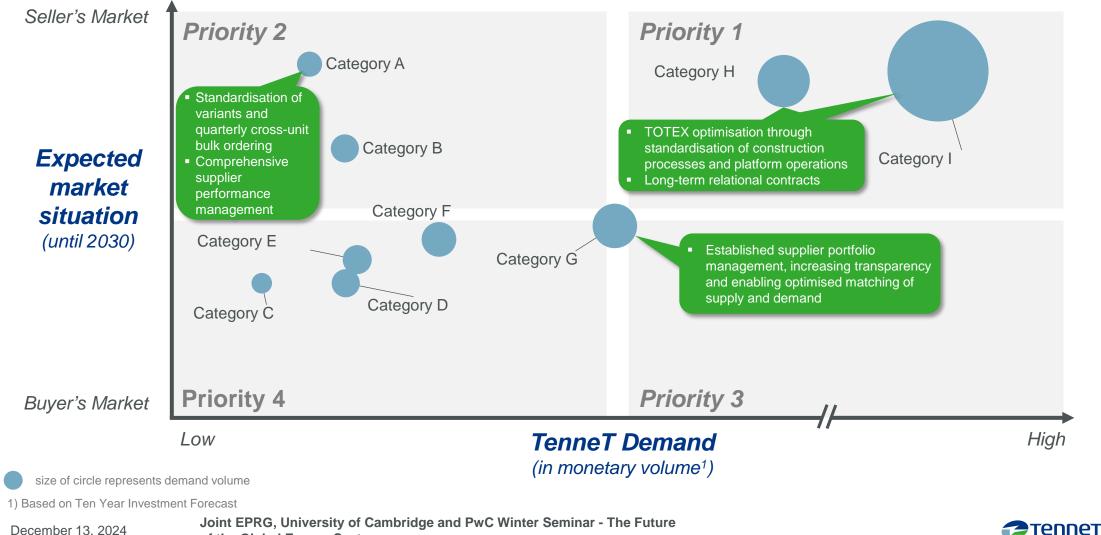
Improve internal processes to realise the project pipeline more efficiently

- Streamline internal improvement initiatives
- Reduce bureaucracy and optimise governance processes



Manage growth with suppliers

Tight seller's market in most key categories needs to be managed



of the Global Energy System

Ensure affordability

Steer politics to favour more affordable solutions





• • •

Invest

Low cost, lower impact on grid fees; planning, licensing and realisation faster



Maintenance

Mature technology, easy access and low repair time, higher reliability



In the past: massive public protests against overhead lines based on misconception



Invest

VS.

High cost (~4x-8x of overhead line cost), high impact on grid fees; planning, licensing and realisation slower



New technology, fault location challenging, repair requires civil works and easements. thus high repair time



Higher acceptance, but also resistance due to large environmental impact during construction

December 13, 2024



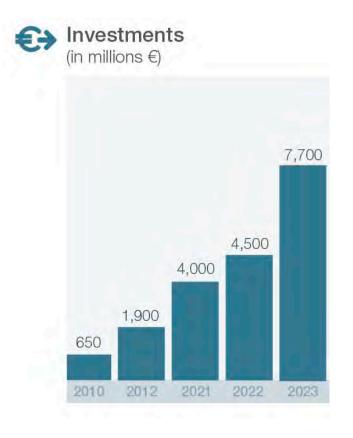
Ensure financeability

Energy transition – financial interests of our stakeholders

TenneT needs capital to make the electricity grid fit for the future

Financial strategy:

- Maintaining a credit rating in the 'A' category or higher
- Generating an acceptable return on investment in line with our risk profile





Target Grid Program Key Elements

System Stability

Power quality, voltage control, and congestion management

New Technologies

Enable new technologies in grid design and in grid observability

Market Design

Efficient use, cost allocation, and resource adequacy



Disclaimer

This PowerPoint presentation is offered to you by TenneT TSO B.V. ('TenneT'). The content of the presentation – including all texts, images and audio fragments – is protected by copyright laws. No part of the content of the PowerPoint presentation may be copied, unless TenneT has expressly offered possibilities to do so, and no changes whatsoever may be made to the content. TenneT endeavours to ensure the provision of correct and up-to-date information, but makes no representations regarding correctness, accuracy or completeness.

TenneT declines any and all liability for any (alleged) damage arising from this PowerPoint presentation and for any consequences of activities undertaken on the strength of data or information contained therein.

